

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION BOOKLET



Issued by HTFS Nominees Pty
Limited (ABN 78 000 880 553, AFSL
232500, RSE Licence No. L0003216)
as trustee of the HUB24 Super Fund
(ABN 60 910 190 523, RSE
R1074659, USI 60 910 190 523 001)

The information contained in this Additional Information
Booklet ('AIB') is incorporated by reference into the relevant
Product Disclosure Statement Part I and Part II ('PDS') for the
HUB24 Super Fund and should be read in conjunction
with the Investment Booklets, the Insurance Guide, the list
of individual insurance policies (as applicable) and the
relevant disclosure documents (if any) for each
underlying investment option (including managed portfolios).

11 August 2025

ABOUT THIS ADDITIONAL INFORMATION BOOKLET

This Additional Information Booklet ('AIB') has been prepared and issued by HTFS Nominees Pty Limited (ABN 78 000 880 553, AFSL 232500, RSE Licence No. L0003216) ('Trustee', 'we', 'us') as Trustee of the HUB24 Super Fund (ABN 60 910 190 523, RSE R1074659) ('the Fund'). The relevant financial product that this AIB relates to ('the product', 'this product') is offered through the Fund.

The information contained in this AIB is incorporated by reference into the relevant Product Disclosure Statement Part I and Part II ('PDS') for the HUB24 Super Fund and should be read in conjunction with the PDS, the Investment Booklets, the Insurance Guide, the list of individual insurance policies (as applicable) and the relevant underlying disclosure documents (if any) for each underlying investment option (including managed portfolios).

The information in this AIB is general information only and does not consider your personal objectives, financial situation, needs or circumstances. Before acting on this information, you should consider its appropriateness, having regard to your personal objectives, financial situation, needs and circumstances.

Before making a decision about whether to acquire or continue to hold the product or an investment or insurance cover available in the product, you should consider the PDS (including incorporated information). These documents are available without charge by contacting your financial adviser ('adviser') or the Administrator or through the product website at www.hub24.com.au/super.

You should also consider the product disclosure document (or other disclosure document) for any investment options or individual insurance policies before making any investment or insurance decision. Upon request, your financial adviser or we must give you (free of charge) a copy of this documentation.

A target market determination ('TMD') has been issued by us which considers the design of this product, including its key attributes, and describes the class of consumers that comprises the target market for this product. A copy of the TMD for this product can be obtained from your financial adviser or is available on the product website at www.hub24.com.au/super.

You can only invest in this product if you are advised by an adviser, unless otherwise approved by the Trustee (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information), so you can receive financial advice for each investment you are considering. Your adviser will be authorised by you to provide your instructions to the Trustee and to access the cash in your account (as described in this AIB).

All dollar amounts are in Australian dollars unless otherwise indicated. Unless otherwise stated all fees are expressed as inclusive of GST (if applicable) and net of any reduced input tax credits ('RITCs'). All references to time are to Sydney time.

The information in this AIB is up to date at the date of publication. However, we may make changes from time to time in response to regulatory requirements or changes, to reflect changes to the Fund or its products (including changes in the way accounts are administered), to ensure that the information included in this AIB remains accurate and up to date.

If a change occurs that is not materially adverse, we may update this AIB by publishing the updated information on the product website shown on the front cover of the PDS. Otherwise, we will issue a revised AIB.

We will provide members with notice of any material change to a matter or of any significant event that affects a matter that is required by law to be notified to members. We will provide members with at least 30 days' advance notice of any increase in fees as required by law. For any other materially adverse changes, advance notice will also be provided to members at least 30 days in advance, where practicable, otherwise advance notice of materially adverse changes will be provided as permitted by law.

You can obtain a paper or electronic copy of any updated information or any revised AIB, free of charge on request, by asking your adviser, by contacting the Administrator or by visiting the product website. You should regularly check the product website to ensure that you have the most up to date information.

All references to the Administrator in this AIB are references to HUB24 Custodial Services Limited (ABN 94 073 633 664, AFSL 239122) ('HUB24', 'Administrator').

If you would like to request a free printed copy of this AIB or have any questions or would like any more information about the product, please contact your adviser or the Administrator.

CONTACT DETAILS

Administrator	HUB24 Custodial Services Limited
Mail	GPO Box 529 Sydney NSW 2001
Email	admin@hub24.com.au
Phone	1300 508 797 (Members) 1300 854 994 (Advisers)
Fax	1300 781 689
Website	www.hub24.com.au

InvestorHUB

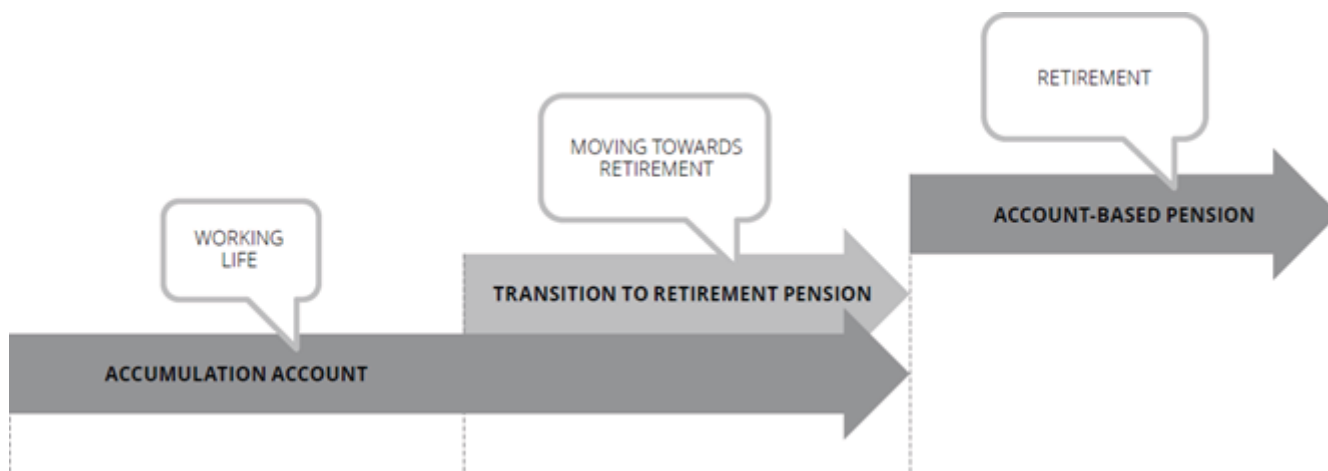
InvestorHUB, your online access to your super and pension account, is available via the product website noted above.

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1. HOW SUPER WORKS

To get the most out of your super so you can meet your lifestyle expectations when you retire, it's important to understand some of the basic principles such as how to contribute to super, when you can withdraw your super and how it can be withdrawn.



This section includes information relating to contributing to super, accessing your super (including transitioning to retirement) and estate planning.

CONTRIBUTING TO SUPER

WHO CAN CONTRIBUTE?

Contributions to your accumulation (personal) super account can generally be made by you, your spouse (including de facto or same sex), your employer, and, in some circumstances, the Government. The following table can help you determine who can contribute to your personal super account.

Your age	Who can contribute?
Under 55	Anyone may contribute, but you will not be eligible to make downsizer contributions.
At least 55 but under 75	Anyone may contribute including downsizer contributions.¹ If you are aged between 67 and 74 (inclusive) and want to claim a tax deduction on your personal contributions, you must either have been gainfully employed for at least 40 hours during any 30 consecutive-day period in the financial year in which the contribution is made or meet the work test exemption.^{2,3} To be eligible for government co-contributions, you must be under age 71 at the end of the financial year in which you made one or more eligible personal super contributions (and have satisfied the other relevant eligibility criteria).
75 and over	Your employer may make compulsory employer contributions, and you may make downsizer contributions only. ^{1,3}

¹ If you have reached age 75, employer contributions which are not compulsory employer contributions and member contributions which are not downsizer contributions, may still be accepted into your personal super account if they are received within 28 days of the end of the month in which you turn age 75.

² For the requirements to satisfy the work test exemption, refer to 'Work test exemption' further below in this Section 1.

³ If you have reached age 75, you may still be able to claim a tax deduction on a personal contribution if the contribution is received within 28 days of the end of the month in which you turn age 75 and you either have been gainfully employed for at least 40 hours during any 30 consecutive-day period in the financial year in which the contribution is made or meet the work test exemption.

TYPES OF CONTRIBUTIONS

There are several types of contributions. The two main categories, concessional and non-concessional contributions, differ in the way they are taxed.

Contribution category	Description
Concessional contributions	Generally, these are contributions included in the assessable income of the Fund. These are typically made from pre-tax money (e.g. your salary). The super fund generally pays up to 15% tax on these contributions to the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). These include: • Superannuation Guarantee (SG) contributions by an employer – mandatory contributions paid by your employer to fulfil their Superannuation Guarantee requirements. • Salary sacrifice contributions – additional employer contributions paid by your employer from your pre-tax salary upon your request. • Personal contributions for which you claim a tax deduction. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au. There are limits (caps) to the amounts you can contribute to super. These limits may change from time to time. To access up to date information in relation to contribution caps please refer to www.ato.gov.au. Individuals with a total superannuation balance under \$500,000 are allowed to carry forward any unused concessional contribution cap amounts on a rolling five-year basis. For more information, please visit www.ato.gov.au. If individuals exceed their concessional contributions cap, in addition to the contributions tax of up to 15% paid by the Fund to the ATO, the excess contributions will be taxed at the individual's marginal tax rate (less a 15% tax offset being for tax already paid by the Fund to the ATO on the contributions). Individuals can make an irrevocable election to have up to 85% of their excess concessional contributions for a financial year released from their superannuation account. This amount is paid by the Fund to the ATO. If an individual's income (disregarding any reportable superannuation contributions) and certain concessional contributions (excluding excess concessional contributions) exceeds \$250,000 in a year, an additional Division 293 tax is applied to the lesser of the excess over \$250,000 and the contributions. The rate of Division 293 tax is 15%.
Non-concessional contributions	These are contributions made from after-tax money, including personal after-tax contributions, and spouse contributions. The super fund generally does not pay tax on your behalf on these contributions, and they're not tax-deductible to the contributor. There are some restrictions and limits (caps) to the amounts you can contribute to super. These restrictions and limits may change from time to time. To access up to date information in relation to these restrictions and contribution caps please refer to www.ato.gov.au. If you exceed the concessional contributions cap (and don't request a withdrawal of those excess contributions from the Fund), any excess concessional contributions will also be counted against the non-concessional contributions cap. Non-concessional contributions in excess of an individual's non-concessional contributions cap will be taxed at the top marginal rate. For more information, please visit www.ato.gov.au.
Spouse contributions	These contributions are made by one spouse into a super account held by the other for which a tax rebate may be claimed. The contributing spouse may be able to get a tax rebate of up to \$540 if the spouse's assessable income (disregarding their spouse's First Home Super Saver scheme released amount for the income year) plus reportable fringe benefits and reportable employer superannuation contributions are under \$40,000 a year and the contributions were not deductible to the contributing spouse. The tax offset is progressively reduced as the spouse's income increases above \$37,000 until the tax offset reaches zero for spouses with an income of \$40,000 or more in a year. An eligible spouse may include a de facto or same sex spouse. When a spouse contribution is made, you and your spouse must not be living separately and apart on a permanent basis. Age limits and other eligibility requirements also apply. For more information, go to https://www.ato.gov.au.
Capital Gains Tax (CGT) exempt contributions	These contributions are from the proceeds of selling certain small business assets which qualify for CGT concessions. These will generally only count as non-concessional contributions if they exceed your CGT contribution limit, or you do not send us a CGT cap election notice on or before the time of the contribution. There is a lifetime cap on the amounts of CGT exempt contributions you can contribute to super. This limit may change from time to time. To access up to date information in relation to contribution caps please refer to www.ato.gov.au.

Contribution category	Description
Contributions from personal injury payments	Eligible contributions will only be counted against the CGT contribution limit if you send the Fund a CGT election notice before or with the contribution, and you have not already used up the limit (your CGT contribution limit is reduced by the amounts you elect to exclude from the non-concessional contributions cap). There are certain amounts you can receive from a structured settlement payment, a court order for a personal injury payment or a workers' compensation payment (taken as a lump sum). These will be excluded from the non-concessional contributions cap if you provide a valid election notice to the Fund before or with the contribution. You must also have made the contribution within 90 days of the later of: • the day you received the personal injury payment, or • the day an agreement for settlement or a court order for the personal injury payment was made. You must also receive certification from two medical practitioners. This exclusion only applies to that part of the payment that is compensation or damages for a personal injury.
Government co-contributions	These are payments which are made by the government into super accounts of individuals with low income, who make personal contributions into their super accounts. 10% or more of the individual's total income must come from employment-related activities, carrying on a business or a combination of both. In order to be eligible for a Government co-contribution, an individual must also have a total superannuation balance of less than the general transfer balance cap at the end of 30 June of the previous financial year and must not have contributed more than their non-concessional contributions cap. Other eligibility requirements may apply. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au. Note: The general transfer balance cap for the 2025/26 financial year is \$2 million. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au.
Low-income superannuation tax offset	To qualify for the low-income superannuation tax offset: • you or your employer must make concessional contributions to the Fund; • your adjusted taxable income for the financial year must be \$37,000 or less; • you must earn 10% or more of your total income from eligible activities, including being an employee, running a business or both; and • you must not hold a temporary resident visa at any stage during the year (unless you are a New Zealand resident or the holder of a prescribed visa). If you qualify, the low-income superannuation tax offset is 15% of the total of your concessional contributions for the financial year up to a maximum of \$500. However, if you are eligible for a low-income superannuation tax offset that is less than \$10 for the financial year, the low-income superannuation tax offset will be rounded up to \$10 for that financial year. The low-income superannuation tax offset effectively refunds the tax paid on concessional contributions by eligible individuals. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au.
Downsizer contributions	If you are 55 years old or older and meet the eligibility requirements, you may be able to choose to make a downsizer contribution into your superannuation of up to \$300,000 from the proceeds of selling your home. Generally, to qualify to make a downsizer contribution, you (or your spouse or former spouse) must have owned the property for ten years or more immediately before the sale, the sale of the property must be exempt or partially exempt from capital gains tax and you must not have made a downsizer contribution in the past. The maximum limit on downsizer contributions may change from time to time. To access up to date information (including the eligibility requirements) please refer to www.ato.gov.au. To make a downsizer contribution you will need to complete the downsizer contribution form available from the ATO's website www.ato.gov.au and provide this to the Administrator when making - or prior to making - your contribution.
Rollovers	You generally can transfer other super money from most other funds to your account in the Fund at any time. Rollovers are not classified as contributions (restrictions and caps applicable to super contributions don't apply).
Re-contribution of COVID-19 early release amounts	If you withdrew money from your super fund through the COVID-19 early release of super program, you could return this money to your super by making personal super contributions. If these contributions mean you might exceed your non-concessional contributions cap, you can be eligible to have them treated as 'COVID-19 re-contributions', which are excluded from the non-concessional contributions cap. Re-contributions of COVID-19 early release of superannuation can be made between 1 July 2021 and 30 June 2030 by completing the Notice of re-contribution of COVID-19 early release amounts (NAT 75394) form available from the ATO and providing it to the Administrator.

Contribution category	Description
First Home Super Saver Scheme	Other eligibility requirements also apply. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au. You can make voluntary concessional (before-tax) and voluntary non-concessional (after-tax) contributions into your super fund to save for your first home. You can then apply to release your voluntary contributions, along with associated earnings, to help you purchase your first home. You must meet the eligibility requirements to apply for the release of these amounts. You can use this scheme if you are a first home buyer and both of the following apply: • you will occupy the premises you buy, or intend to as soon as practicable; and • you intend to occupy the property for at least six months within the first 12 months you own it, after it is practical to move in. You can currently apply to have a maximum of \$15,000 of your voluntary contributions from any one financial year included in your eligible contributions to be released under the First Home Super Saver Scheme, up to a total of \$50,000 contributions across all years. You will also receive an amount of earnings that relate to those contributions. Other eligibility requirements also apply. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au.

Further information relating to contributions including how they are taxed and how they can be made to the Fund is shown in sections 2 and 3 of this AIB.

SPLITTING CONTRIBUTIONS

You can split contributions with your eligible spouse (which may include a de facto or same sex spouse) and transfer them to an account in your spouse's name if your spouse is either below their preservation age (or between their preservation age and age 65 and not retired).

The maximum amount that can be split is the lesser of:

- 85% of your total concessional contributions made to your account in the last financial year before the split application is made, or in the current financial year if the entire benefit is to be transferred or rolled out of the Fund, and
- the concessional contributions cap for that financial year.

The concessional contributions cap used to determine the maximum amount of splittable contributions may be increased above the general concessional cap if you are eligible. This will occur if:

- your concessional contributions for the year exceed the general concessional contributions cap;
- your total superannuation balance just before the start of the financial year is less than \$500,000; and
- you have unused concessional contributions cap amounts from the previous five years.

Your concessional contributions cap for contributions splitting purposes will equal the general concessional cap plus the previously unused concessional contributions cap amount, up to the amount of the excess.

WORK TEST

The superannuation work test is required to be satisfied by members between the ages of 67 and 74 who would like to claim a tax deduction for personal contributions. To satisfy the work test, you must have worked at least 40 hours during a 30-day consecutive period each financial year.

Work Test Exemption

To meet the work test exemption criteria, you must meet the following conditions:

- You satisfied the work test in the financial year before the financial year in which you made the contribution (i.e. you were gainfully employed for at least 40 hours during a 30 consecutive-day period during that financial year).
- You did not meet the work test in the financial year in which you made the contribution.
- Your total super balance (i.e. the value of your superannuation interests in all superannuation funds) is less than \$300,000 at the end of the financial year before the financial year in which you made the contribution.
- You did not use the work test exemption in a financial year prior to the financial year in which you made the contribution.

ACCESSING YOUR SUPER

Because super is a long-term investment, there are strict rules around when and how you can access your money. If your super is accessible, it can usually be taken as a lump sum or a pension. Further information about the available pension products (including receiving a pension income) is set out later in this section. If you are an Australian citizen, a New Zealand citizen or

an Australian permanent resident, your super is generally preserved (i.e. cannot be withdrawn) until you have satisfied one of the conditions of release prescribed in superannuation legislation including if you have:

- died;
- reached age 65;
- ceased a gainful employment arrangement on or after age 60;
- retired on or after your preservation age;
- become permanently incapacitated;
- been diagnosed with a terminal medical condition;
- been given a release authority to pay excess contributions tax;
- obtained approval from the ATO on the basis of compassionate grounds as defined in superannuation law;
- obtained early release due to severe financial hardship; or
- reached your preservation age and your super is withdrawn in the form of a non-commutable income stream (such as a transition to retirement pension).

In some cases, withdrawal restrictions may apply. For example, in the case of early release due to severe financial hardship, the amount that can be withdrawn is restricted. For more information about the conditions of release go to www.ato.gov.au

Your super benefit may also include unrestricted non-preserved benefits or restricted non-preserved benefits. In certain cases, members may be able to access their unrestricted non-preserved or restricted non-preserved balances. Conditions may apply. For more information about restrictions on accessing your super (usually referred to as the preservation rules) speak with your adviser.

Different conditions of release or rules apply to temporary residents. See 'Other information about how super works' later in this section. If this is relevant to you, speak to your adviser.

Preservation age

The preservation age, which is the age you must reach to be able to access your super if you are retired or to start a transition to retirement pension, is between 55 and 60, depending on your date of birth – for individuals born from 1 July 1964 onwards, preservation age is age 60.

Before withdrawing your super, it is important you understand any implications this may have on your social security entitlements. See 'How will receiving a pension affect your social security benefits?' later in this section for more information.

RECEIVING A PENSION INCOME

WHEN CAN YOU START A PENSION?

A pension is an income stream that makes regular income payments. The Fund offers two types of pensions, depending on your eligibility:

- **A transition to retirement pension** – a pension that can be purchased with super money once you have reached your preservation age. A transition to retirement pension allows you to receive a regular income while you are still working but is subject to statutory minimum and maximum withdrawal limits until you meet certain conditions.

- **An account-based pension** – a pension (also referred to as a 'retirement phase pension') that can be purchased with super money once:
 - you reach age 65;
 - after attaining age 60, you have ceased an arrangement under which you were gainfully employed;
 - you have reached your preservation age, have ceased an arrangement under which you were gainfully employed and never again intend to be gainfully employed full-time or part-time (i.e. more than 9 hours per week); or
 - you have suffered permanent incapacity.

You can choose the amount of pension you receive each year subject to a minimum set by law.

Pension payments are tax-free for most people aged 60 and above. To start a transition to retirement or an account-based pension account, you can transfer into your pension account your account balances from your:

- personal super account in the Fund,
- other super funds, or
- a combination of these.

If you intend to start your pension with money from different sources, we will generally start your pension after receiving the final amount. If we have not received all expected amounts within 30 days of having received the first amount, we will generally start the pension with the amounts received up to that point. Any amounts received subsequently cannot be added to that pension but can be used to start a new pension.

Once your pension starts, you can't add any more money to it, so it's worth considering consolidating all available amounts into a single personal super account in the Fund before starting your pension. If you intend to claim a tax deduction for personal contributions made to your personal super account, you need to tell us before using these amounts to start a pension.

In conjunction with your adviser, you must complete a pension application form and send it to the Administrator to open a pension account (even if you are an existing member of the Fund).

It is important you understand any implications starting a pension may have on your social security entitlements. See 'How will receiving a pension affect your social security benefits?' later in this section for more information.

There is a limit (which is indexed in line with the Consumer Price Index) on the total amount of accumulated superannuation an individual can transfer into a retirement phase pension (across all accounts from all providers). This is known as the 'transfer balance cap'.

The precise amount of the personal transfer balance cap applicable to an individual will depend on their individual circumstances. All individuals who have not commenced a retirement phase pension before 1 July 2025 will have a personal transfer balance cap of \$2 million. If an individual has commenced a retirement phase pension before 1 July 2025, their personal transfer balance cap will vary between \$1.6 million and \$2 million.

Any existing amounts in excess of the transfer balance cap will need to be withdrawn or transferred back into the accumulation phase. The transfer balance cap does not apply to a transition to

retirement pension although if your transition to retirement pension is converted into an account-based pension (see 'Conversion of a transition to retirement pension' later in this section), the account balance of your pension at the time of conversion will be included in your transfer balance cap.

For more information about the transfer balance cap and how it applies to your circumstances, speak to your adviser, or go to www.ato.gov.au or you may be able to view your personal transfer balance cap in ATO online services through myGov.

HOW MUCH WILL YOU RECEIVE?

Once you start your account-based or transition to retirement pension, you must receive at least a minimum pension payment amount each financial year as set by legislation.

The minimum payment depends on your age and your account balance when you start your pension, and then on 1 July of each subsequent year according to the following table:

Age at start of the pension (and 1 July each year)	% of account balance (p.a.)
Under 65	4%
65-74	5%
75-79	6%
80-84	7%
85-89	9%
90-94	11%
95+	14%

If you need more than your regular pension payments, you can request an additional amount as a lump sum payment or additional pension payment (except in the case of transition to retirement pensions where lump sum payments are not usually allowed). Lump sum payments you receive (where permitted) are usually counted towards meeting your legislative minimum payment requirement.

If you have elected to receive the minimum income amount, these lump sum payments, however, won't automatically adjust your regular pension payment. When considering whether to request an additional amount as a lump sum or pension payment, you should consider the different taxation treatment that may apply.

There is no limit to the amount of lump sums (where permissible) or additional pension payments you can receive each year from your account-based pension. However, if you have a transition to retirement pension, in addition to the minimum payment limit, a maximum payment limit of 10% p.a. (of your initial account balance and at each subsequent 1 July) will generally apply to your pension payments until you:

- reach age 65, or
- notify the Administrator in writing that you are permanently retired on or after your preservation age, you have ceased an employment arrangement on or after age 60, you have a terminal medical condition or you have suffered permanent incapacity,

whereupon your transition to retirement pension will convert into an account-based pension.

Transition to retirement pensions are subject to strict lump sum withdrawal restrictions that mean that, usually, a lump sum cannot be withdrawn. There are some limited exceptions (for example, family law payments). However, you can choose to transfer your transition to retirement pension back to a personal super account at any time.

Other important notes:

- The annualised minimum amount is pro-rated in the financial year you start your pension.
- The maximum for a transition to retirement pension is not pro-rated in the financial year that it is started.
- The minimum payment amount calculated according to the table above is rounded to the nearest \$10.
- If you commence your pension on or after 1 June (but before 1 July), you may choose not to take a minimum payment in that financial year (however, you will still be considered to have commenced a pension from that date). Please note, however, that this does not apply if money is received into your pension account prior to 1 June, even though your pension may commence on or after 1 June (but before 1 July).
- Limits may change from time to time (for example, in certain years the minimum pension payment limit has been reduced). For up-to-date information about the limits applicable in a particular year, speak to your adviser.
- The payment of pensions is subject to pension standards in superannuation legislation. The information about pensions shown here is a summary only and does not set out all aspects of the pension standards. The Fund must adhere to the pension standards as applicable from time to time.

HOW WILL YOU RECEIVE PENSION PAYMENTS?

You can choose any pension payment amount within the required minimum or maximum (if applicable) limits. Payments will be made from your pension account to your nominated bank account. You can choose whether you'd like to receive the payments weekly, fortnightly, bi-monthly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly or yearly, and you can elect a day or date for your pension payments to be made (other than bi-monthly payments which are normally made on the 10th and 24th of each month).¹ Payments due on a public holiday or weekend will be paid on the prior business day.

You can also choose to have your pension payments indexed by a specific percentage or in line with increases in the Consumer Price Index (CPI), which is a measure of inflation. The required minimum or maximum (if applicable) income limits still apply where you choose indexed pension payments.

You can change the amount, frequency and indexation of pension payments at any time, subject to the required minimum or maximum (if applicable) limits. You also can change your bank account details for pension income payments and lump sum withdrawals.

Generally, you can change your pension payment details at any time during the year by letting the Administrator know in writing. Changes to your pension payment details will generally be effective

for the next pension payment if you provide your instructions to the Administrator more than 10 business days before the next pension payment date.

You will be provided with a 'Details of Income Stream Product' statement for your account-based or transition to retirement pension account. This can then be provided to Centrelink to help determine your social security entitlement.

In the event of your death while you are a holder of a pension account in the product, pension payments can continue to be paid to a reversionary beneficiary (refer to the information about estate planning later in this section).

WILL RECEIVING A PENSION AFFECT YOUR SOCIAL SECURITY BENEFITS?

Commencing a new pension account may impact you and/or your partners' social security entitlements.

Social security benefits are determined by the Department of Human Services and the Department of Veterans' Affairs with consideration to your assets and any income you earn.

Pension account balances may be captured under both the assets test and deeming through an income test.

Pension accounts which commenced before 1 January 2015 and where you continuously received certain social security income payments are generally subject to different deeming rules.

For members who select a longevity product option, you should consider the treatment of the longevity product in addition to your pension account. Each longevity product will have their own characteristics that will impact its treatment for social security benefits including the availability of capital to withdraw and any death benefits payable from the product. For further information please refer to the disclosure documents for the relevant longevity product.

For more information on how a pension may affect your social security benefits, you should speak to your adviser, refer to Financial Information Service (FIS) Officers accessible through Services Australia or refer to www.servicesaustralia.gov.au.

CONVERSION OF A TRANSITION TO RETIREMENT PENSION

Your transition to retirement pension will be converted into an account-based pension when:

- you turn age 65; or
- you notify the Administrator in writing that:
- you are permanently retired on or after your preservation age;
- you have ceased a gainful employment arrangement on or after age 60;
- you have a terminal medical condition; or
- you have suffered permanent incapacity.

When your transition to retirement pension is converted into an account-based pension:

- the tax treatment of the pension will change –see the 'Tax and your pension account' in Section 2 of this AIB for further information; and

¹ Weekly and fortnightly pension payment frequencies, and the ability to elect a specific day or date for payment, are not available as at the issue date of this AIB. We will publish an update on the product website and notify you via InvestorHUB when these options become available. If you haven't selected a payment date, payments will normally be made on the 10th of the relevant month.

- the legislative maximum payment limit of 10% p.a. will no longer apply; and
- the restriction on withdrawing lump sums from your account will no longer apply.

ESTATE PLANNING

NOMINATING A BENEFICIARY

Your account balance is paid to your beneficiaries and/or your estate if you die. Generally, it will be paid as a lump sum (unless you nominate a reversionary beneficiary in relation to a pension account or your beneficiary requests that payment be made in the form of a pension).

Generally, the law restricts who can be a beneficiary to either your dependants or your estate.

WHO CAN YOU NOMINATE?

You can nominate one or more of your dependants or your legal personal representative (either the executor under your will or administrator for your estate) to be the recipient of your death benefit.

A dependant under superannuation law includes:

- your spouse (including a de facto spouse whether of the opposite or same sex)
- your children (including an adopted child, a stepchild, or ex-nuptial child)
- any person who is financially dependent on you
- any person with whom you have an interdependency relationship.

If a child beneficiary receives pension payments when you die, the pension can only continue to be paid while the child is:

- under 18,
- between 18 and 25 and financially dependent upon you, or
- disabled (as defined by law).

If you have nominated a beneficiary on your account, details of your nomination (including the date your nomination expires, where applicable) is shown on your annual member statement.

You may revoke or update your beneficiary nomination at any time by writing to the Trustee.

WHAT TYPES OF NOMINATIONS CAN YOU MAKE?

BINDING BENEFICIARY NOMINATIONS

A binding death benefit nomination is a written direction to the Trustee that sets out the dependants and/or legal personal representative, as nominated by a member, to receive his/her benefit in the event of the member's death.

When you make a valid binding nomination that remains valid and effective at the time of your death, the Trustee will follow your nomination as to who receives your benefit when you die, and how much of the benefit they receive. The Trustee cannot pay your benefit to a person you have nominated if they are not a dependant or legal personal representative at the time of your death.

LAPSING BINDING BENEFICIARY NOMINATION

These nominations, when valid and effective at the time of your death, are generally binding on the Trustee and help ensure your account balance is paid according to your directions. Lapsing binding nominations for the Fund lapse after three years. In some circumstances (e.g. court order) these nominations may not be effective.

If you wish to make a lapsing binding beneficiary nomination or change an existing one in relation to an account in the Fund, you need to complete and return a Beneficiary Nomination form, which is available on InvestorHUB, or by contacting the Administrator. The form contains more detail on these nominations, including what's a valid and effective nomination. An invalid, expired or ineffective lapsing binding nomination will be treated as a non-binding nomination (see 'Non-binding' below).

NON-LAPSING BINDING BENEFICIARY NOMINATION

A valid non-lapsing nomination that has been accepted by the Trustee helps ensure your account balance is paid according to your nomination. Valid non-lapsing binding nominations do not have an expiry date and will generally remain effective until you either revoke your nomination or update your nomination.

If you wish to make a non-lapsing beneficiary nomination or change an existing one in relation to an account in the Fund, you need to complete and return a Beneficiary Nomination form which is available on InvestorHUB, or by contacting the Administrator. The form contains more detail on these nominations, including what's a valid and effective nomination. An invalid or ineffective nomination will be treated as a non-binding nomination (see 'Non-binding' below).

We recommend that you periodically review your nomination as it is your responsibility to ensure that your non-lapsing binding nomination continues to be appropriate in accordance with your personal circumstances. Without a change directed by you, a non-lapsing binding nomination may continue even if your personal circumstances change and the Trustee is bound to act upon it if it is valid and in effect at the time of a member's death.

NON-BINDING

A non-binding death benefit nomination is a written instruction to the Trustee which sets out the dependants and/or legal personal representative you nominate to receive your super benefit in the event of your death.

The Trustee will consider the nominated beneficiaries provided by you, however, is not legally bound to follow the nomination in the event of your death. The Trustee will consider your nominated beneficiaries along with any other dependants as permitted by law, and whether your personal circumstances had changed since providing your nomination.

NO NOMINATION

The Trustee will, in its absolute discretion, pay the death benefit to one or more of either your legal personal representative, or your dependant(s). If you have no legal personal representative or dependant, the Trustee may pay the benefit to any other person that the Trustee reasonably determines to be appropriate, subject to government legislation.

REVERSIONARY BENEFICIARY NOMINATION (FOR PENSION ACCOUNTS ONLY)

Your pension payments will be paid to your nominated reversionary beneficiary. You can nominate your spouse (including a de facto or same sex partner), or your child as a reversionary beneficiary. You can elect to add, change or remove your reversionary nomination at any time. If you have a reversionary nomination in place for your pension account and subsequently

make a non-lapsing binding nomination, the non-lapsing binding nomination will replace the existing reversionary nomination. However, if you make a lapsing binding nomination, the lapsing binding nomination will not replace the existing reversionary nomination. We strongly recommend you seek specialist advice before making a decision to add, change or remove a reversionary beneficiary nomination.

OTHER INFORMATION ABOUT HOW SUPER WORKS

Situation	Description
You and your spouse are separating or divorcing?	Under Family Law legislation, married couples separating or divorcing, can divide their super benefits by agreement or by court order. This extends to de facto couples (including same sex couples). You should seek legal advice about the splitting of super benefits in the event of the breakdown of a relevant relationship. For more information, please contact your adviser.
You wish to transfer your super to another fund?	You can transfer your super account balance at any time to another eligible super fund. However, please note that delays in the transfer may occur due to restrictions applying to the redemption of, or delays in receiving declared income for, some underlying investments. If you are leaving Australia to live permanently in New Zealand, you may be eligible to transfer your benefit to a KiwiSaver scheme that is approved to accept your transfer. For more information, refer to the KiwiSaver Transfer form available on InvestorHUB.
You are a temporary resident?	If you are or have been a temporary resident, you can generally only withdraw your benefits as a single lump sum after your visa has expired and you have left Australia permanently. Exceptions apply if you become permanently disabled, temporarily disabled, suffer a terminal medical condition (as set out in law) or die. If you don't claim your benefit within six months of your departure from Australia or your visa expiring, whichever is later, we may have to pay it to the ATO as unclaimed money. If this happens you will no longer be a member of the Fund and you may lose any insurance cover held through the Fund. You have the right to apply to the ATO to claim your benefit, if it is paid to the ATO. If you are a former temporary resident whose superannuation benefits are transferred to the ATO as unclaimed money, you may not be notified of this or receive an exit statement after the transfer occurs. The Trustee will rely on relief provided by the ASIC Corporations (Unclaimed Superannuation – Former Temporary Residents) Instrument 2019/873 which says, in effect, that the trustee of a superannuation fund is not obliged to meet certain disclosure requirements in relation to former temporary residents that have ceased to hold an investment in the fund as a result of the payment of unclaimed superannuation to the Commissioner of Taxation.
You lose track of any super balances?	Lost members and unclaimed super A lost member is a member of a super fund who is uncontactable, inactive, or joined the fund from another super provider as a lost member. A member is not a lost member if their address has been verified in the past two years (and we have no reason to believe that address is now incorrect), or they have indicated (either by a positive act or by notifying us) that they want to remain a member. Under certain circumstances, including those listed below, your account balance may be treated as unclaimed super and will be paid to the ATO, if: • you have reached age 65, there have been no contribution or rollover amounts received by us on your behalf for at least two years, and it has been five years since we last had contact with you (having made reasonable attempts to contact you); • as a lost member, your account balance is less than the small lost member account threshold as determined by the ATO; • as a lost member, your account balance has been inactive for 12 months and, with the information reasonably available to us, we are satisfied that we will never be able to pay your account balance to you; or • as a former temporary resident, you have unclaimed super (see above). In addition to the above, the Trustee is required to transfer your account balance to the ATO if your account is classified as an 'inactive low balance account'. Generally, your account will be classified as an inactive low-balance account if it meets all the following criteria: • no amount has been received into your account for 16 months; • the balance of your account is less than \$6,000;

Situation	Description
	• you have not met a condition of release (see ‘Accessing your super’ in Section 1 for more information); and • you do not have insurance on the account. However, your account will not be an inactive low-balance account if any of the following have occurred in relation to you in the last 16 months: • you have changed your investment options; • you have made changes to your insurance or you have ever elected to maintain insurance and not withdrawn that election; • you have made or amended a binding beneficiary nomination; or • you have made a written declaration that your account is not an inactive low-balance account. If your account satisfies the above criteria of an inactive low-balance account and your account balance is sent to the ATO, the ATO will be obligated to, within 28 days, consolidate the amount to an existing active superannuation account you currently hold. The circumstances in which account balances must be transferred to the ATO may change in the future, and we will be required to comply with them if they do. Any future changes may be made available on InvestorHUB. You can also find more information about lost members and inactive low-balance accounts at www.ato.gov.au.

2. HOW SUPER IS TAXED

This section provides a high-level summary of some of the key tax considerations in relation to your account based on tax laws at the date of preparation of this booklet. The taxation of super is complex and changes regularly, so we recommend you contact your financial or tax adviser before making any financial decisions on your account. Additionally, superannuation taxation rules include caps and thresholds that change from time to time. Up-to-date information is available from www.ato.gov.au.

Super funds have a range of tax concessions that can help you save for a secure retirement. These differ for super and pension members. The following tables provide a summary of the tax treatment that may apply to these accounts.

TAX AND YOUR SUPER ACCOUNT

Contributions (including in specie transfers)

Concessional contributions are generally taxed at a maximum rate of 15%.

Non-concessional contributions are not taxed (provided you do not exceed the non-concessional contributions cap).

You may have to pay extra tax if you exceed the relevant contributions caps.

If an individual's income (disregarding any reportable superannuation contributions) and certain concessional contributions (excluding excess concessional contributions) exceeds \$250,000 in a year, an additional Division 293 tax is applied to the lesser of the excess over \$250,000 and the contributions. The rate of Division 293 tax is 15%.

Note: For in specie transfers consult your adviser about the likely impact of the transfer, including any Capital Gains Tax (CGT) liability or other tax liabilities, the effect on your contribution caps and the Fund's diversification limits (set out in the Investment Booklets, where applicable).

Investment earnings (including realised capital gains)

Taxed at a rate of up to 15%. Only two-thirds of realised capital gains are generally taxable for assets held for at least 12 months by the Fund.

Investment returns received for international securities will generally not receive the benefit of rebates or tax credits and will incur the highest applicable withholding tax rate.

Lump sum withdrawals

Tax-free component:

- Nil

Taxable component (taxed element):

- if you are under age 60, tax is paid at up to 20% (plus Medicare Levy)
- from age 60, tax free.

Withdrawals from super accounts in the case of death, terminal medical condition or incapacity are treated differently (as outlined later in this section). Temporary residents who work in Australia, and have super contributions paid by their employer, are generally entitled to receive their super benefits once they leave Australia. This payment is called a Departing Australia Super Payment (DASP). These payments are also subject to different taxation rules. For further information on the tax treatment of these payments you can visit www.apra.gov.au or www.ato.gov.au.

TAX AND YOUR PENSION ACCOUNT

Investment earnings (including realised capital gains)

Account-based pensions: Tax-free

Transition to retirement pensions: Earnings supporting transition to retirement pensions are taxed at the same rate as accumulation phase accounts (such as personal super accounts), at a rate of up to 15%. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au.

Pension payments

Tax-free component:

- Nil

Taxable component (taxed element):

- generally, if you are under age 60, tax is paid at your marginal tax rate;
- from age 60, tax-free.

Lump sum withdrawals

As per lump sum withdrawals from super accounts - see the 'Tax and your super account' table in this section.

If you are under age 60 and have not provided the Administrator with a valid TFN, we are required to deduct tax at the top marginal tax rate (plus Medicare levy) from any payments made to you from your account, including any pension income payments. You are not obliged by law to provide your TFN. However, applicants for an account in the Fund are required to provide a valid TFN before they can be accepted as a member.

TAX AND YOUR ROLLOVERS

No tax applies to rollovers into the Fund except in the case of untaxed elements. An untaxed element may arise from a rollover from an unfunded super scheme. If the untaxed element exceeds the untaxed plan cap amount, the transferring fund will withhold tax payable on that excess amount. The component in excess of the untaxed plan cap amount is subject to tax at a maximum rate of 45% (plus Medicare levy).

HOW IS TAX DEDUCTED ON YOUR ACCOUNT?

We calculate any tax we have to pay on investment income or taxable contributions in your account and deduct any tax amounts from your cash account. Investment income includes dividends, interest, distributions and realised capital gains and losses on disposal of investments. The Fund prepares an annual income tax return. The annual income tax process includes settling the tax positions for each member account. This will involve deducting any tax amounts owed from the member's cash account or paying any receivable tax credits or benefits to the member's cash account. Members who exit the Fund will have their tax positions settled on exit. Settlement on exit may not include the benefits or all tax credits where that information has not yet been provided to the Fund. For example, any capital losses not used to offset capital gains will not be reflected in the value of the member's account on exit, and will be retained by the Fund and used to offset any future capital gains of the Fund.

Any deductions or allowance for tax is accounted for in the Fund by being held in a tax provision or reserve from which tax payments are made and to which tax benefits or credits (such as RITCs and unrecouped capital gains tax benefits in respect of former members) may be allocated. In determining the earnings to be credited (or debited) to member accounts (i.e. investment earnings can be positive or negative) the Fund does not maintain investment reserves. However, other types of reserves may be maintained as considered appropriate by the Trustee from time

to time, in accordance with the Trustee's reserving policy (for example, reserves to manage tax accruals and liabilities). Further information about reserves appears in Section 8 of this AIB.

Unless otherwise stated all the fees and costs shown in the Part II of the PDS are expressed as inclusive of GST (if applicable) and net of RITC. If eligible, the Trustee will claim the benefit of RITCs on behalf of the Fund in order to credit the Fund reserves and to pay expenses of service providers to the Fund to the benefit of the members. Where other government charges such as stamp duty apply, we will charge your account directly. For example, stamp duty may apply to insurance premiums for income protection cover.

TAX ON LONGEVITY PRODUCTS

Where you have invested into a longevity product, we will receive tax information from the issuer. The issuer will provide any deductible or assessable amounts to us. Where payments or withdrawals are taken from the product, PAYG amounts may be withheld by the issuer to meet their obligations to the ATO. Any amounts withheld and any other components relevant to the withdrawal including deductible amounts will be included in the information provided to us for inclusion into the Fund's annual income tax return.

CAN YOU CLAIM A TAX DEDUCTION ON YOUR SUPER CONTRIBUTIONS?

You may be eligible to claim a tax deduction in your personal income tax return for personal super contributions you make to your account in a financial year.

You should speak to your adviser about your eligibility. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au.

If you intend to claim a tax deduction, you will need to let the Administrator know by completing and returning the ATO's 'Notice of intent to claim or vary a deduction for personal super contributions' form available from InvestorHUB or the ATO website www.ato.gov.au. Alternatively, you may authorise your adviser to submit your completed notice of intent to claim form on your behalf to the Administrator, through AdviserHUB.

You must provide your completed 'Notice of intent to claim or vary a deduction for personal super contributions' form to the Administrator before the date you lodge your personal tax return for the financial year in which the contributions were made, or

the end of the financial year immediately following the year in which the contributions were made, whichever is earlier. If we do not hear from you within the required timeframe, we will assume you won't be claiming a tax deduction for your personal contributions.

Once we receive a valid tax deduction notice, we will send you a tax deduction acknowledgment advice for your tax records. We will let you know if we are unable to accept the notice. If you wish to reduce the amount you specified under a previous tax deduction notice, please ensure you complete the 'Variation of previous valid notice of intent' in the relevant section of the form.

Important note: Please pay special attention if you intend to use an account balance containing these personal contributions to start a pension, withdraw your benefit or transfer any part of your benefit. If the money is withdrawn, it could prevent you from claiming a deduction in relation to these contributions. Contributions for which you have claimed a tax deduction are not eligible for a Government co-contribution.

TAX AND YOUR DEATH BENEFITS

Tax may be charged on amounts paid to your beneficiaries when you die. The amount of tax will depend on variables such as whether a lump sum or pension is paid, the timing of payment, and who receives your benefit. You should consult your adviser for more information on the tax treatment of death benefits.

The tax payable on death benefits depends on whether the beneficiary is a dependant for the purposes of tax legislation (a 'death benefits dependant'). A death benefits dependant includes:

- your spouse or former spouse (including a de facto spouse of the same-sex or opposite sex);
- your children below age 18;
- a person with whom you had an interdependency relationship; or
- any other person who was financially dependant on you.

The following table summarises the tax treatment of death benefits paid to a death benefits dependent (assuming no element of the benefit is untaxed in the Fund).

Benefits paid to a death benefits dependant			
Age of deceased	Method of payment	Age of death benefits dependant	Taxation
Below age 60	Income stream*	Age 60 or over	Tax free
		Below age 60	Taxable amount is taxed at marginal tax rates. An offset of 15% may apply.
Age 60 or over	Income stream*	Any age	Tax free
Any age	Lump sum	Any age	Tax free

*Death benefits can only be paid as an income stream to a spouse, children less than 18 years, a financially dependant child aged 18 to 24 years, disabled children or an interdependent or financial dependant who is not a child.

The following table summarises the tax treatment of death benefits paid to a non-death benefits dependant (assuming no element of the benefit is untaxed in the Fund).

Benefits paid to a non-death benefits dependant			
Age of deceased	Method of payment	Age of death benefits dependant	Taxation
Any age	Lump sum	Any age	Taxable amount is taxed at 15% plus the Medicare Levy

Please note that higher tax may apply where we do not hold your TFN.

A payment made by the Fund to the estate or legal personal representative is taxed based on who is expected to benefit from the payment and the extent to which they are a death benefits dependant or not. The legal personal representative is responsible for withholding the appropriate tax from the amount payable to the end beneficiary.

Death benefits can generally only be paid to a 'dependant' (as defined in superannuation law) – a wider group of people than a death benefits dependant, or the member's estate, refer to Section 1 'How Super works' for more information on who you can nominate as a beneficiary.

TAXATION OF TERMINAL MEDICAL CONDITION BENEFITS

If you access your super (including any insured terminal illness benefit) due to a terminal medical condition (as defined in superannuation law), the withdrawal is tax free.

TAXATION OF PERMANENT INCAPACITY BENEFITS

If you access your super (including any insured total and permanent disablement benefit) due to permanent incapacity (as defined in superannuation law), the tax treatment depends on your age and whether you receive your benefit as a lump sum or pension. Lump sum withdrawals on permanent incapacity may incur less tax than applies to withdrawals generally due to an increase in the tax-free component that may be available depending on a person's days to retirement and other factors. You should speak to your adviser or a tax adviser about this.

TAXATION OF INCOME PROTECTION INSURED BENEFITS

Refer to Section 4 in the Insurance Guide under the sub-heading 'Taxation' for information about the taxation of income protection benefits.

DEDUCTIBLE EXPENSES FOR THE FUND

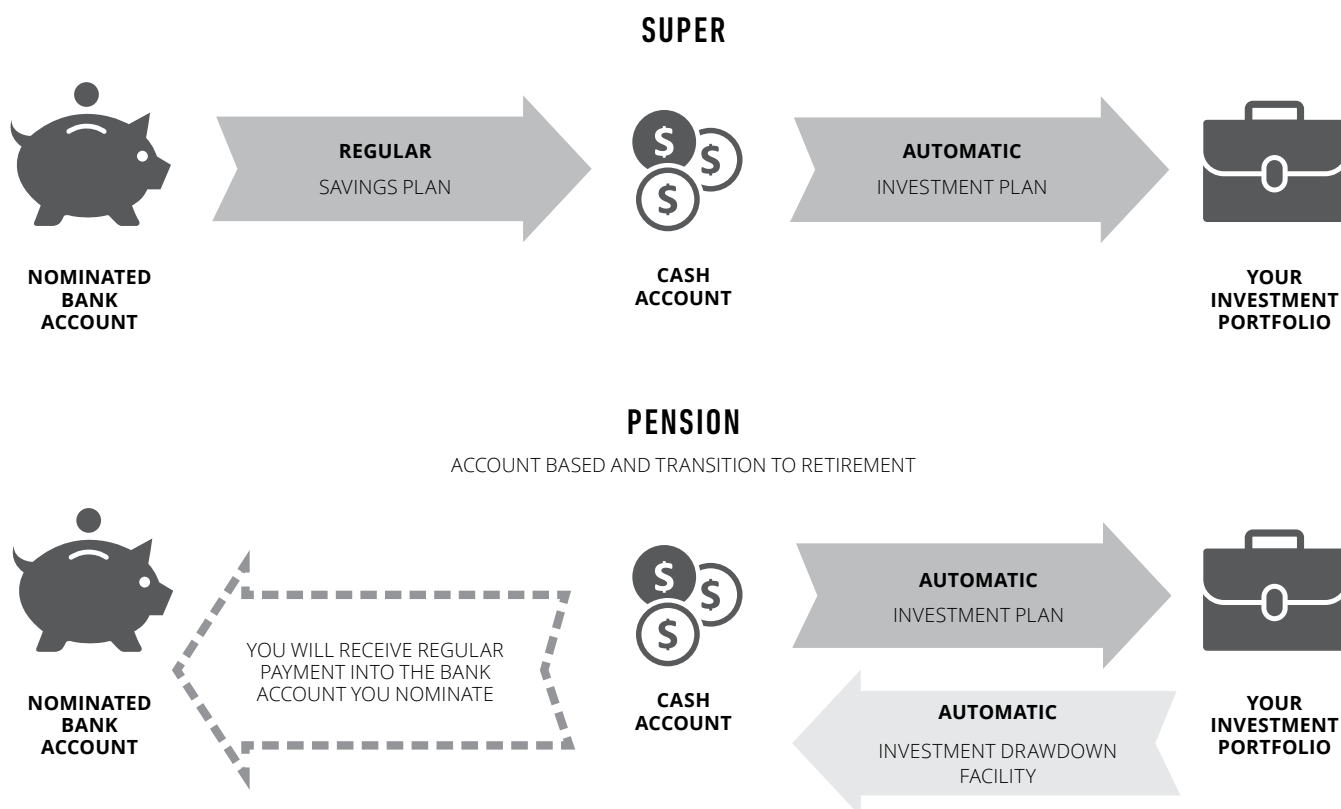
Where Fund expenses such as insurance fees are tax deductible for the Fund, the benefits of any tax deduction will be claimed by the Fund and will be reflected in the net impact of the annual tax process passed on to each member.

3. BENEFITS AND FEATURES

HOW YOU CAN SET UP MOVEMENT OF FUNDS FOR YOUR ACCOUNT

Your account balance is made up of the deposits to your account (including contributions where applicable, rollovers and income) less any fees and costs (including insurance fees), taxes, and withdrawals paid from your account.

This diagram is a summary of how funds can move into, within and out of your account.



When you open a personal super or pension account, a cash account is automatically established for you. The cash account represents the cash in your account (excluding any cash held in managed portfolios) and is used to settle all transactions relating to the investments held within your account (except where international equities are transacted using your foreign currency holdings) and pay any fees or costs deductible from your cash account. For more information about your cash account, refer to Section 4 How we invest your money.

ESTABLISHING A REGULAR SAVINGS PLAN (CONTRIBUTING TO YOUR ACCOUNT)

You can set up a regular savings plan with the Administrator that allows you to invest amounts starting at \$100 per month into your personal super account.

Regular contributions will be deducted from your nominated bank account on or after the 20th day of each month. We must receive your direct debit authorisation, either with your Application Form or the additional contribution and regular savings plan form by the 15th day of the month, for your regular savings plan to start around the 20th day of that month.

Please note that at the time of investing through your regular savings plan, you may not be viewing the most current version of the relevant product disclosure statement or disclosure documents for financial products held through the product as these are updated from time to time. You can obtain the current disclosure documents for an investment option free of charge through InvestorHUB or through your adviser.

If you want to make changes to your nominated bank account for direct debits, you need to send the Administrator a bank account nomination form or a new additional contributions and regular savings plan form before the 15th of the month.

If we do not receive the new details by this date, the change may not occur until the following month.

We may discontinue or suspend direct debits, where there is suspected fraud, insufficient funds in your nominated account or otherwise (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information).

You must notify us in writing or by email if you wish to cancel a regular savings plan.

AD HOC INVESTMENT PLAN

For any additional contributions into your cash account, you can establish an ad hoc investment plan. This feature allows you to establish an investment plan which will invest (generally within 5 business days) any additional (ad hoc) contributions made into your cash account once the money has cleared.

Disclosure documents for investment options held through the Fund are updated from time to time by the relevant issuer for that product, and it is important that you have the most current version at the time you establish an ad hoc investment plan. You can obtain the current disclosure documents for an investment option free of charge through InvestorHUB or through your adviser.

AUTOMATIC CASH TOP UP

To help you manage your minimum cash account balance requirements you can opt in for the automatic cash top up feature. This feature ensures that your cash account balance automatically tops up (generally around the 25th of each month) if it falls below the required minimum and involves selling or redeeming investments relating to your account. It is important to note that investments may have different settlement timeframes. You will also have the option to ensure that any regular payments (such as insurance fees or pension payments) are also considered when topping up the cash account balance.

AUTOMATIC INVESTMENT DRAWDOWN

The automatic investment drawdown facility allows you to specify how investment drawdowns are to be made (e.g. to meet regular pension payments). Generally, the automatic investment drawdown occurs on or around the 3rd of the relevant month and involves selling or redeeming investments relating to your account.

Your ability to access any sale or redemption proceeds is subject to restrictions in superannuation legislation. The Administrator may, at its discretion, offer additional frequencies for this automatic investment drawdown (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information).

The investment drawdown options available for you to select are to:

- sell proportionately across all investments within your account;
- select specific investments for sell down and proportionately sell across these only;
- select specific investments to sell down and select the percentage to sell down for each investment; or
- other options that we may make available.

If you do not make a selection, then the default investment drawdown option is to sell proportionately across the following investments (where applicable to your account) and in the following order:

1. Managed portfolios containing Australian listed securities only
2. Australian listed securities
3. Managed funds (priced daily)
4. Managed portfolios containing managed funds

5. International listed securities
6. Managed portfolios containing international listed securities
7. Foreign currency
8. Managed funds (non-daily priced)

Your investment drawdown selection (if any) will also be used to determine which investments are to be sold down to restore your minimum cash balance requirements.

AUTOMATIC INVESTMENT PLAN

You can establish an automatic investment plan to trigger periodic reinvestment of excess cash¹ in your cash account (on or around the 25th of the relevant month).

You can set a maximum limit on this investment so regular investments of a fixed amount can be made rather than investing all surplus cash in your cash account. Your adviser can set the limit for you through AdviserHUB.

¹ Includes any excess cash which may come from additional contributions, regular savings, income and sales from your investments. Unless you have directed your adviser to instruct us on how excess cash is to be apportioned to your current investments, it will stay in your cash account and accrue interest

CUSTOMISING INVESTMENT PREFERENCES

You can also set up standing instructions in relation to investments that you do not want held in your account (whether within or outside a managed portfolio) and that are to be substituted with other nominated investments and minimum trading sizes. This allows you to better customise your account in accordance with the investment strategy that you have agreed with your adviser.

The table below sets out the different types of investment preferences you may wish to set up on your account:

Investment preference type	Description
Exclusions	Your adviser (on your behalf) can instruct us to exclude (i.e. not buy or hold) particular investments within or outside a managed portfolio, or in your account. This is called setting an investment preference. When setting investment preferences, you may exclude a single investment or multiple investments. You can generally substitute that excluded investment(s) with one of the following: • an allocation to cash, either in your cash account or to cash within a managed portfolio (where applicable) • spread the allocation that would otherwise have been to the excluded investment proportionally across the other investments held within a managed portfolio or outside (as applicable) with an alternative single investment.¹ In some cases, restrictions may apply in respect of the type of investment you can substitute for the excluded investment. For example, you may not be able to substitute Australian shares with international shares. For more information about these restrictions, please talk to your adviser or the Administrator. Additionally, where an investment exclusion applies to a managed portfolio, the investment management fee (including any investment performance fee) that applies to the managed portfolio will be calculated by reference to the value of the managed portfolio as if the investment exclusion does not apply. Where exclusions are made for managed portfolio investments and substitutes are nominated, it will impact the performance of the portfolio.
Minimum trade size	You may wish to set up a minimum trade size (i.e. for buys, sells or rebalances) in your account for any listed securities and/or managed fund trades in your account (within or outside a managed portfolio). Setting these minimums may reduce frequent incremental trading on your account, which will incur activity fees as described and may be costly. Note this does not apply to automatic investment drawdowns. You may set a minimum trade size applied per listed security or managed fund trade. If no selection is made, then the default minimum trade size when transacting outside a managed portfolio is: • \$100 for Australian listed securities; • \$250 for managed funds; and • \$500 for international listed securities. Setting a minimum trade size per security or managed fund will generally ensure that trades of a value less than the nominated (or default) amount will not be executed (or cancelled). This includes trades that occur because of rebalancing and when trades are carried over from a previous instruction. Note: Setting a minimum trade size below the default minimum trade size shown above, may increase the number of trades and transaction related fees applied to your account.

¹ This option is only available when excluding a single investment and is subject to the approved investment menu and allowable investment holding limit per investment option. For more information, refer to the relevant Investment Booklet.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION RELATING TO INVESTMENT PREFERENCES

If you elect to customise your account using any of the investment preferences described above, this may increase the number of trades and the transaction related fees applied to your account. It may also impact the investment performance of your selected managed portfolio(s).

Before deciding to set up investment preferences on your account, please speak with your adviser.

CONTRIBUTIONS AND ROLLOVERS

Once you have opened your personal super account you can make one-off and regular contributions. You can view your transactions online, and all contributions will be shown on your annual statements or exit statement (in the case of closing your account). Unless you advise otherwise, all contributions you make will be credited to your account as non-concessional (after-tax) 'member voluntary' contributions.

There are restrictions that apply as to who can make contributions and how much can be paid, without incurring extra tax. For more information on who can contribute, and the eligibility rules and limits that apply, refer to Section 1 How super works. If you are not sure whether you are eligible to contribute, or how much you can contribute, please ask your adviser.

For details of how to contribute, please refer to InvestorHUB for BPAY® details, or contact the Administrator on 1300 508 797. For EFT transactions, ensure the transaction reference number is the one provided to you for BPAY contributions.

Keep a record of the transaction and contact us if you do not see the funds deposited within a few days. If you deposit the funds using an incorrect reference, you will not earn interest on that deposit until we identify the correct payee. Interest amounts for deposits that cannot be allocated to an account will be retained within the Fund and will not be paid to you should we need to reverse the deposit. The following table shows the different payment and transfer methods of contributing to your account via personal and spouse contributions.

Note: BPAY and EFT should not be used to make deposits for certain payments such as rollovers from an SMSF, and small business CGT contributions. Refer to the 'Payment and transfer choices' later in this section for more information on who can make BPAY or EFT contributions.

Once you have arranged for a deposit of funds into your account, you can tell your adviser to implement your investment strategy, subject to maintaining a minimum balance in your cash account.

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EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Your employer can make contributions to your account, including SG, salary sacrifice and employer additional contributions. To ensure the quick electronic transfer of funds and contribution details to funds, the Government has introduced changes to the way employers can send contributions to super funds. We can only accept employer contributions via SuperStream. Your employer will therefore need to ensure they are sending contributions via a payment method that is SuperStream compliant. Unless your employer is required to contribute to the Fund (for example, because it is your 'stapled fund' as notified by

the ATO to your employer), you must notify your employer that you have chosen the Fund for your employer contributions if you want your employer to contribute to the Fund for you.

Your welcome email will include a copy of a Super Choice Fund Nomination form that you can provide directly to your employer.

PAYMENT AND TRANSFER CHOICES - PERSONAL & SPOUSE CONTRIBUTIONS

Payment	Who	When	How
BPAY® from your savings account	Personal, spouse	One-off or regular	Use the following details for BPAY® transactions: Biller code: 17798 The Customer Reference Number will be provided to you with your welcome email. In addition, the above BPAY biller code and your Customer Reference Number must be used for any future contributions made via BPAY. Spouse contributions When making spouse contributions, the contributing spouse is taken to understand the conditions relating to making spouse contributions and confirms that these contributions are: • made for your receiving spouse who is not an employee of yours, • made by an Australian resident taxpayer earning assessable income, and • made for your receiving spouse who is an Australian resident and is within the age limits to be eligible to receive a spouse contribution (see 'Who can contribute?' in Section 1 How super works). Note: Additional conditions apply to be eligible for the tax offset for spouse contributions. For more information, go to www.ato.gov.au.
Direct debit from your savings account	Personal, spouse	One-off or regular	Complete a Direct Deposit Request (using the Application or Contributions form accompanying the PDS) to transfer funds from your bank account. Note: Please ensure there are sufficient cleared funds in your nominated bank account, otherwise you will be liable for any costs incurred as a result of insufficient funds. Refer to the Direct Debit Request Service Agreement that is set out in Section 7 of this booklet.
Electronic funds transfer (EFT)	Personal, spouse	One-off or regular	Please refer to InvestorHUB for the applicable transaction reference numbers. Unidentified contributions cannot be applied to your account.
Cheque	Personal, spouse	One-off	Forward a cheque made payable to HUB24 Custodial Services Ltd. Unidentified cheques (with no attached form or reference number) cannot be applied to your account.
In specie transfers	Personal	One-off	1. Check with your adviser or contact the Administrator to check whether the assets can be transferred to your account. 2. Complete and return the In Specie Transfer form. You can obtain this from the Forms section of InvestorHUB. Note: Consult your adviser about the likely impact of the transfer, including any CGT liability, or other tax liabilities, and the effect this may have on your contribution caps and the Fund's diversification limits (set out in the Investment Booklets, where applicable). Acceptance of an in specie transfer is subject to the Trustee's approval.

HOW YOUR CONTRIBUTIONS ARE TREATED

All contributions are paid into your cash account for your personal super account. If your personal contributions are intended to be concessional contributions, you should also tell us this in writing when you make the contribution. If you intend to claim a tax deduction for personal super contributions, you will need to let us know by completing and returning the ATO's 'Notice of intent to claim or vary a deduction for personal super contributions' form.

Alternatively, you may authorise your adviser to submit your completed 'Notice of intent to claim' form on your behalf, to the Administrator through AdviserHUB. This form is available on InvestorHUB or from the ATO website www.ato.gov.au. If you are transferring your account balance to a pension account in the Fund or to another superannuation fund, you must firstly complete and return this form.

You can use this to confirm the amount of your contributions that are tax-deductible. If we don't receive this notice back or if the notice does not meet requirements in tax laws, any personal concessional contributions will remain classified as non-concessional contributions. In some cases, we may not be able to reclassify them. Refer to Section 2 How super is taxed, for more information.

If we cannot process your contributions for some reason such as due to insufficient information (for example, incorrect payee details) or outstanding requirements, we will contact you or your adviser for resolution. In the meantime, we will hold the money in a separate trust account for up to 30 days after the month that it's received. After this we will return the money to the source of the payment if we can, otherwise the money will be dealt with in accordance with relevant legislation. You will not earn interest on these amounts. Any interest earned will be retained by the Fund.

If a contribution is dishonoured, we will pass on the bank's dishonour fee to you. Please note your financial institution may also charge you a dishonour fee.

ROLLOVERS – TRANSFERRING OTHER SUPER MONEY TO THE FUND

To transfer your super benefits into the Fund, complete and send us a Rollover form. We will then arrange to have the nominated super benefits transferred to your account. You can find the Rollover form on the product website, or by speaking to your adviser. Alternatively, you can arrange a rollover from your other super fund directly.

All transfers will be paid into your cash account before being invested in line with adviser instructions. You cannot transfer super benefits into a pension account in the Fund after the pension has commenced.

Before rolling over, you should compare the fees and benefits of each product. You should also consider whether any fees or charges will apply, as well as the effect the rollover may have on your benefits such as any insurance cover you hold in your other super account.

HOW TO WITHDRAW YOUR SUPER

You can take a lump sum withdrawal or withdraw your super through pension payments from a pension account (subject to preservation rules), or transfer all or part of your super or pension accounts (assuming you are eligible), by completing and returning a Benefit Payment form. For information about commencing a pension, refer to the features of the product's pension accounts in Section 1 How super works.

Transferring all or part of your super out of the Fund or into a pension account may affect your insurance cover with the Fund (if any). Ordinarily, we must transfer or roll over your benefits within 30 days of receiving all relevant information prescribed by the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations (including all information that is necessary to process your request). However, where you make an investment choice and the investment option you have chosen is illiquid or becomes illiquid, it may take longer than 30 days to transfer your full benefits.

If you are able to access your super, wish to make a withdrawal and have sufficient funds in your cash account, the Administrator will transfer the benefit payment amount requested to your nominated bank account within three business days of receiving your withdrawal request. If there are insufficient funds in your cash account at the time of your request, the Administrator will make the benefit payment within three business days of sufficient funds becoming available in your cash account to cover the amount.

Generally, a minimum ongoing account balance of \$10,000¹ applies where you are withdrawing part of your super as a lump sum or transferring part of your super from an account within the Fund. If you are transferring part of your super to another fund, we may refuse to transfer an amount where it would cause your account balance to fall below \$6,000¹. If this occurs, we will notify you or your adviser in writing.

We may contact you regarding your withdrawal instructions and in some circumstances may need to verify your identity before we can process your request. Refer to Section 7 Additional information at the end of this AIB for more information about member identification requirements. You can choose where your money is paid. Lump sum withdrawals can be paid directly to your nominated bank account.

We will pay transfers directly to your nominated rollover institution. Further information about withdrawing your super is contained in Section 1 How super works.

Withdrawing your super may have social security or taxation implications. Refer to Sections 1 and 2 of this AIB for more information.

IN SPECIE TRANSFERS

An in specie transfer is when you transfer existing securities or managed funds you own into the Fund.

These transfers can only take place if it is an investment option approved by the Trustee. To request an in specie transfer your adviser must send a completed In Specie Transfer form to the Administrator.

¹ For more information about how the Administrator and Trustee may use their discretion please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator discretion'

You should also note that:

- in specie transfers into your super or pension account may trigger a CGT event or other tax liabilities. Please take this into consideration before proceeding;
- fees may apply per security transferred. Refer to Part II of the PDS - Information on fees and other costs. Where other government charges such as stamp duty apply, your account will be charged directly;
- you will need to specify whether the transfer represents a contribution or a rollover into your account. For rollovers, we will require a rollover benefits statement prepared by the transferring super fund which displays the value at the transfer date;
- the Trustee reserves the right to delay processing the in specie transfer if a corporate action is pending on the security;
- in specie transfers for international listed securities are on request and are subject to the Trustee's approval. All costs for in specie transfers of international listed securities will be passed on to you. Certificated stock transfers will not be accepted; and
- the Trustee reserves the right not to accept any securities or managed funds into the Fund.

Please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information on how the Trustee and Administrator may exercise their discretion.

4. HOW WE INVEST YOUR MONEY

ASSESS YOUR FINANCIAL GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

You can develop an investment strategy with your adviser, from a range of investment options available to you as shown in the Investment Booklets (as applicable to you) and updated from time to time (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information). You should choose a strategy (or strategies) that address your personal needs and long-term goals. Your adviser can then work with you to build an investment portfolio for your chosen investment strategy from a range of investment options available via the Fund that suits your individual circumstances. This may assist you to achieve the right balance between risk and return, taking into consideration factors such as your investment goals, investment timeframe and how comfortable you are with changes in the value of your investments.

The same investment strategies and investment options are available to personal super and pension accounts. The diagram below summarises some of the steps you and your adviser may go through when choosing your investment strategy.

Investing in super is generally a long-term commitment, you should take a long-term view of which investments are right for you.

All investments come with some level of risk, although the degree of risk may vary depending on the asset class or nature of an investment. Generally, low levels of uncertainty (low risk) are associated with low potential returns, and high levels of uncertainty (high risk) are associated with high potential returns.



SELECTING INVESTMENT OPTIONS

Depending on the arrangement between us, your adviser and your adviser's licensee, you have the option to choose between the Discover Menu, the Core Menu and the Choice Menu in the Fund which gives you and your adviser flexibility when tailoring an investment strategy that caters to your personal needs and long-term goals. Refer to Section 2, Part I of the PDS for more information.

A full list of investment options in the Fund under the Discover Menu, the Core Menu and the Choice Menu are set out in the relevant Investment Booklet. The Trustee may add or remove investment options from time to time (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information). For an up-to-date list of investment options, refer to the latest Investment Booklet for the Discover Menu, the Core Menu or the Choice Menu available on InvestorHUB or by contacting your adviser.

The information below outlines the types of investment choices available.

To understand all fees and costs of your investment strategy, you should refer to the PDS (including all incorporated information) and to the disclosure document for the underlying investments for the fees and costs that apply to underlying investments.

Listed Securities

If you select the Choice Menu the Fund offers you the opportunity to invest directly in Australian and international markets, including North American, Asian and European stock exchanges as determined by the Trustee and updated from time to time.

The types of listed securities available may include:

- ordinary shares;
- Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) and Exchange Traded Products (ETPs);
- Listed Investment Companies (LICs);
- interest rate securities; and
- hybrids (such as preference shares and convertible notes).

Ordinary shares: Often referred to as 'common shares', such shares carry no special or preferential rights. They represent a portion of ownership in a company along with other ordinary shareholders.

ETFs or ETPs: Generally, a managed fund that is listed on a stock market.

- An ETF aims to track or follow a particular index. There are various ETFs which provide access to particular investments, such as Australian and international shares, commodities, listed property trusts or a combination of asset classes.
- ETPs are other types of listed managed products that are not ETFs. These include exchange traded managed funds, exchange traded commodities and exchange traded bonds.

LICs: use a company structure and the money raised is used to buy shares in other listed companies which are then traded on a stock exchange. LICs are generally actively managed and aim to outperform a particular objective.

Interest rate securities: A type of 'debt' security that pays either a fixed or variable return (interest) on investments over a period of time. In most cases, the issuer of the interest rate security agrees to repay the original issue price at a specific time.

Hybrids are a group of securities that combine elements of broader groups (debt and equity).

Income received from Australian listed securities is automatically paid to your cash account, unless there is a dividend reinvestment plan (DRP) on offer and you choose to participate, in which case it is reinvested in the particular financial product that generates the income.

Income received from international listed securities is automatically converted to Australian dollars by default and paid to your cash account, unless there is a DRP on offer, and you choose to participate or the securities are held as part of a managed portfolio and the portfolio manager has elected to receive them in the native currency.

Participation in any DRP is at the discretion of the Trustee (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information).

You should ensure that you refer to the latest disclosure documents when your dividends are reinvested as additional holdings in the relevant security or securities. Disclosure documents can be obtained through your adviser or InvestorHUB.

For information on trading Australian or international listed securities, refer to 'Trading in securities' within this section.

TERM DEPOSITS

You can access a range of term deposits (issued by an Australian Authorised Deposit-taking Institution ('ADI')) if you select the Core Menu or Choice Menu. You have the option to invest in term deposits with a range of durations where the interest rate is fixed by the issuer of the term deposit. Typically, durations of three months, six months and 12 months are offered.

You will be able to access information on your term deposit investments through InvestorHUB.

MANAGED FUNDS

A managed fund is an investment product where an investor contributes money to receive an interest or 'unit' in the managed fund, which is then pooled together with other investors' monies and managed by a fund manager.

Minimum investment amounts may apply to some investment options. Refer to the disclosure documents on InvestorHUB or from your adviser.

You should obtain from InvestorHUB or your adviser the most recent disclosure documents for each investment you are considering. The disclosure documents for each investment are prepared by the relevant product issuer and contain detailed information about the product issuer, management and administration of the investment, and the fees and costs of investing in the product.

The Trustee is not the issuer of the managed funds available through the Fund, or of the product disclosure statements for such managed funds. Equity Trustees Limited (ABN 46 004 031 298, AFSL 240975) ('ETL') is the issuer of some of the managed funds available through the Fund and of the product disclosure statements for such funds. The Trustee and ETL are subsidiaries of EQT Holdings Limited (ABN 22 607 797 615), a company listed on the Australian Stock Exchange (ASX Code: EQT).

Transactions between the Trustee (in its capacity as trustee of the Fund) and ETL (in its capacity as issuer of some of the managed funds available through the Fund) are conducted on normal commercial terms.

MANAGED PORTFOLIOS

Managed portfolios are available through the Fund via one or more non-unitised and registered managed investment schemes (each a 'Scheme'), which are operated and offered by a responsible entity ('RE') that is approved by the Trustee.

Each RE of a Scheme may appoint HUB24 as one or more of custodian, administrator and investment manager for the relevant Scheme.

Refer to the product disclosure statements for these Schemes for further details, which can be obtained from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.

The Administrator may provide additional services in their personal capacity to you directly or through issuers of underlying investments, such as administration, investment advisory and custody services to an RE of a Scheme offering a managed portfolio which is available through the Fund and may be remunerated for these services.

Portfolio adjustments

Each managed portfolio has specific allocations ('weights') to an asset class(es) and underlying investments. The portfolio manager is responsible for monitoring the portfolio's strategy and advises us if adjustments are required. Accounts investing in managed portfolios may have allocations to investments that differ from those targeted by the portfolio manager, due to but not limited to, variations in execution prices, cash flows in and out of the account, insufficient money invested in the portfolio, the holding of a suspended or illiquid underlying investment in the portfolio and the operation of weight variation tolerances. Allocations to investments may also differ due to exclusions and substitutions as disclosed in the product's product disclosure statement and in this booklet.

Adjustments to a managed portfolio could be either:

- **rebalancing**, which involves comparing and realigning the market value weights of your underlying investments to the weights in the managed portfolio, or
- **reallocating**, which involves changing the exposure to different asset classes and investment choices across different sectors and industries within the managed portfolio, by adding or removing specified investment components.

The Administrator administers and implements each managed portfolio and any changes to the portfolio composition when the deviation in weightings falls outside the managed portfolio tolerance range. Rebalancing and reallocating of a managed portfolio may occur regularly depending on the managed portfolio selected.

Dividend reinvestment

On the advice of the portfolio manager, the Administrator or RE (where applicable), may elect to use income derived from underlying investments within a managed portfolio to participate in a dividend reinvestment plan(s) or to buy additional quantities of those underlying investments.

If the portfolio manager does not, or cannot, participate in a dividend reinvestment plan(s), any income generated will be:

- retained as cash within the managed portfolio;
- reinvested in other underlying investments as part of the portfolio manager's regular rebalance; or
- paid out to your cash account outside of the managed portfolio.

Progressive Portfolio Implementation

Progressive portfolio implementation ('PPI') is a way for a portfolio manager to implement a change in managed portfolio weightings by introducing one or more substitute investment(s). The portfolio manager may instruct us to temporarily apply this change in respect of new purchases of the managed portfolio without impacting existing holders of the standard managed portfolio.

If a portfolio manager uses PPI, the underlying investments held in your managed portfolio may differ from the manager's standard managed portfolio. As a result, the investment performance you experience through a PPI managed portfolio may differ from the standard managed portfolio.

FOREIGN CURRENCY

Foreign currency is held in one or more omnibus accounts with Australian ADIs, each denominated in a currency other than Australian Dollars ('AUD'). There may be separate omnibus accounts for each available currency. The list of approved foreign currencies is outlined in the Investment Booklet for the Choice Menu, which is available on the product website, on InvestorHUB, from your adviser or by contacting HUB24. Foreign currency is only available if you select the Choice Menu.

Where you hold foreign currency, it may be used to settle international listed securities.

Please refer to the 'How we invest your money' section of the AIB under the heading 'Foreign Currency' for more information.

How to invest in foreign currency

Buying or selling foreign currency is facilitated through the aggregated trading service via your adviser.

If you hold foreign currency in a third-party bank account, you may be able to transfer the foreign currency into your account, without needing to convert it to AUD. Please speak with your adviser or contact us if you wish to transfer existing holdings in foreign currency into your account.

Features of holding foreign currency in your account:

- **Exchange rates** - Where you instruct us to convert currency, the exchange rate applicable will be determined by the relevant issuer of the foreign currency, at the time the conversion is executed.
- **Valuation** - The AUD value of your foreign currency is calculated from time to time in accordance with the relevant exchange rate notified to us by a third-party data provider and fluctuates in accordance with movements in that exchange rate. The AUD value of your foreign currency is used to calculate percentage-based administration fees applicable to your account.
- **Interest** - Any interest earned on your foreign currency holdings, after deducting the foreign currency fee, will be automatically converted to AUD and deposited into your cash account. This includes any negative interest applicable in relation

to your foreign currency holdings, which may be passed on to you and deducted from your cash account. Any such negative interest is not a fee charged by us but is an additional cost to you. For more information on the foreign currency fee and negative interest on your foreign currency holdings, please refer to Part II of the PDS under 'Foreign currency fee' and 'Fees and costs relating to underlying investments' respectively.

- **Switching between foreign currency** - You cannot switch directly between foreign currencies. If you wish to switch between foreign currencies, the relevant foreign currency amount will be sold and converted to AUD. You can then convert the AUD into the required denominated foreign currency. Foreign currency conversion fees may be charged by the relevant foreign currency provider when converting one currency to another.
- **Switching to AUD** - Foreign currency in your account is not available for you to withdraw or to be used to purchase investments (other than for international assets in the same jurisdiction as the foreign currency, such as international listed securities – see the bullet point below) until we have converted the funds to AUD, after which time the proceeds are transferred into your cash account. Funds available from sell transactions are available to you only after the Administrator's sub-custodian has settled the transaction, and we have converted the funds to AUD.
- **Trading international securities using your foreign currency** - You can use your foreign currency in your account to buy international securities in their native currency through your adviser using the aggregated trading service on AdviserHUB. If you buy international listed securities and you hold sufficient money in the foreign currency relevant to that purchase, you can request that the purchase of the international securities be settled using that foreign currency. If you hold insufficient foreign currency in your account at the time of trade settlement, we will convert the required amount of AUD from your cash account into the relevant foreign currency.
- **Information about your foreign currency holdings** - If you hold foreign currency, the foreign currency holdings will be included in your account statements, online reports and transaction listings. The value of your foreign currency will be shown in AUD based on exchange rates provided to us by a third-party data provider. The exchange rate applied to transactions may be different from the exchange rate used to calculate the value of your foreign currency holdings.

LONGEVITY PRODUCTS

Members who have selected the Core Menu or the Choice Menu have the option to invest in longevity products. You can view the list of available longevity products in the relevant Investment Booklet. Specific eligibility criteria may apply, e.g. some longevity products may only be available for members who hold Pension products while others may be available in both Super and Pension products. For details on the specific requirements for each product, please refer to the longevity product's disclosure documents.

Longevity products are generally investment-based products that are backed or supported by a life insurance policy and that are designed to pay agreed income stream amounts during your retirement until death. These products are designed to assist you in managing income risk and longevity risk during retirement. They

will generally require that you have met a specified condition of release (e.g. reached age 65, retirement, suffered permanent incapacity or a terminal medical condition), prior to receiving any income amounts into your cash account.

Each longevity product offered will have specific risks and features that you and your adviser should consider prior to investing. For details on the specific requirements, risks and features of each available longevity product, (including any eligibility criteria, please refer to the longevity product's disclosure document available from your adviser or the InvestorHUB).

Typically, the life insurance policy or an interest in the life insurance policy will be held by the Trustee (on behalf of members who are invested in the longevity product) as an insured person which will entitle you to receive (once eligible) the income stream payable from the longevity product. Refer to the longevity product's disclosure document for further information.

Premium and Investment amounts

When selecting a longevity product, you will be required to pay a premium amount. This premium amount may be a one-off amount or may be paid on an instalment basis to the product provider. The amount you pay as a premium will be determined by (amongst other factors), your age, any deferment period, your intended income amount and any guarantees¹ offered by the product. Where the longevity product offers an income guarantee the premium amounts are adjusted to incorporate the agreed guarantee. Each product will have its own minimum investment and premium amount. You should check to ensure that your investment will meet the minimum investment amount prior to selecting the product. You should refer to the longevity product's disclosure documents to confirm any minimum investment amount for the product. The premium amounts will be deducted from your cash account.

Deferment period

Longevity products may offer a deferment period. This allows the value of the longevity product to be built up prior to drawdowns commencing to be made from the longevity product to fund

income stream payments to investors. Some longevity products may require a minimum deferral period. You should review the disclosure documents for your chosen longevity product to confirm if a deferral period is offered and if there are minimum deferral periods. During the deferral period you will not be eligible to receive any income from the longevity product.

Income payments

The amount of income paid by the longevity product will be dependent on the total premium amount paid into the product, the period of any deferment, your age and any guarantees offered by the longevity product. You may be able to select options that allow the income amount to be aligned to an index which would increase your income amounts in alignment with that index. Once income amounts commence generally the income will continue until death. The income amounts will continue beyond the time any capital (from your premium amounts) has been exhausted. The income amounts will be paid into your cash account at your chosen frequency.

Investment options

The longevity product may offer you multiple investment options when selecting the product. The investment options and their restrictions should be considered prior to selecting a longevity product. You may also be restricted in your selection of investment options once income amounts commence being paid to you. You should carefully read the product's disclosure documents to understand what investment options may be available to you.

Withdrawal options

Longevity products may offer withdrawal options once they have commenced. The amount available for withdrawal and any costs associated with the withdrawal will depend on, amongst other things, the withdrawal amount, premium amounts received, any guarantees offered, timing of the withdrawal request, the phase of the product, capital amounts remaining available for withdrawal and any income amounts received. The proceeds from your withdrawal request will be paid into your cash account.

INVESTMENT OPTIONS – FURTHER INFORMATION

The table below shows further information about the main types of investments available through the Fund, and the investment menu through which they can be accessed.¹

Investment option	Disclosure documents	Minimum investment	Reinvestment of income	In specie transfer availability ²
Australian listed securities <i>Only available if you select the Choice Menu.</i>	Some Australian listed securities have product disclosure documents. These documents are not issued by the Trustee and can be obtained free of charge from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.	No.	Income is normally paid to your cash account but can be reinvested in the same security if a dividend reinvestment plan is available.	Yes, upon request and at the discretion of the Trustee
International listed securities <i>Only available if you select the Choice Menu.</i>	Some international listed securities have product disclosure documents. These documents are not issued by the Trustee,	Yes. This may vary between securities. Refer to your adviser or InvestorHUB for more information.	Income is normally paid to your cash account.	Yes, upon request and at the discretion of the Trustee.

¹ Guarantees offered through longevity products are provided by the issuer of the product and not the Trustee or Administrator. For information on any guarantees please refer to the product's disclosure documents available on InvestorHUB or from your Adviser.

Investment option	Disclosure documents	Minimum investment	Reinvestment of income	In specie transfer availability ²
	and can be obtained free of charge from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.			
Managed funds <i>Only available if you select the Choice Menu.</i>	These documents are not issued by the Trustee and can be obtained free of charge from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.	Yes. This may vary between managed funds. Refer to your adviser or InvestorHUB for more information.	Fund distributions are normally paid to your cash account. Generally, fund distribution reinvestments are not available.	Yes, upon request and at the discretion of the Trustee.
Managed Portfolios <i>(Note: managed portfolios may provide access to listed securities, managed funds and other assets not otherwise listed as available from a particular menu)</i>	These product disclosure statements are not issued by the Trustee and can be obtained free of charge from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.	Yes. This may vary between managed portfolios. Refer to your adviser or InvestorHUB for more information.	Income can be reinvested in the managed portfolio for the portfolio manager, RE or another financial services provider appointed by you, to reinvest or be paid to your cash account. Refer to the applicable managed portfolio disclosure document for details.	No.
Term deposits <i>Only available if you select the Choice Menu or the Core Menu.</i>	Some term deposits have product disclosure documents. These documents are not issued by the Trustee and can be obtained free of charge from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.	Yes. This may vary between term deposit providers. Refer to your adviser or InvestorHUB for more information.	On redemption or maturity, interest is paid to your cash account.	No.
Longevity products <i>Only available if you select the Choice Menu or the Core Menu.</i>	These product disclosure statements are not issued by the Trustee and can be obtained free of charge from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.	Yes. This may vary between providers. Refer to your adviser or InvestorHUB for more information.	Income stream amounts received are paid to your cash account at your nominated frequency.	No.
Foreign currency <i>Only available if you select the Choice Menu.</i>	Foreign currency does not have product disclosure documents	No	Income is received in the native foreign currency.	Yes, upon request at the discretion of the Administrator and Trustee.

¹ Investment options that are stated to be available from a specified menu only, may be added to another menu at a later time. Please ensure you refer to the Investment Booklet for the most up to date list of investment options accessible per menu.

² Refer to Section 3 Benefits and features, under 'In specie transfers' for more information.

Other assets

Other investments may be made available by us from time to time from the Discover Menu, the Core Menu and/or the Choice Menu. Please ensure you refer to the Investment Booklet for the most up to date list of investment options accessible per menu. If we add other accessible investments to a menu, we will publish an update on the product website and a notification on InvestorHUB.

WHY IT'S IMPORTANT TO DIVERSIFY

Investments are affected by changes in the economy and other factors. One way you can manage risk is by diversifying your investments.

Diversification is a way to reduce the short-term variation of your returns by spreading your investments over a number of asset classes. For example, the more you diversify the less impact movement in any one particular asset or asset class can have on your overall investment strategy.

You may wish to consider spreading your investments across several asset classes, investment products, managers and investment styles in a manner consistent with your investment strategy and risk profile.

The Trustee has set limits (investment holding limits) on how much you can invest in certain investment options. You and your adviser need to be aware of these limits when devising your investment strategy.

The investment holding limits applicable to each investment option is set out in the relevant Investment Booklet, which is available without charge from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.

Investments in managed portfolios are generally excluded when determining whether your investments (per account) are within any applicable diversification limits. For more information, refer to the managed portfolio disclosure document.

MONITOR AND REVIEW YOUR INVESTMENT STRATEGY AND CHOICES

You should review your investment strategy regularly with your adviser especially if there are any changes to your personal circumstances.

You can change your investment strategy or chosen investment options or products at any time through your adviser. You must make sure your cash account will have enough money in it (including the minimum balance of 1.25% of your account balance) to make the transaction possible. You may be able to utilise the proceeds from the sale of an investment from your account's portfolio, before the proceeds are received into your cash account, however you will typically be charged interest for the period that your cash account has a negative balance. For more information about your cash account, please refer to 'Your cash account' within this section.

Your adviser is responsible for placing your instructions on your behalf, and ensuring your investment strategies are implemented. Once your adviser's instructions are received, they will be acted on as soon as possible.

We will have no obligation to act in accordance with instructions placed in relation to your investment strategy if we reasonably consider the instructions ambiguous, unclear or in conflict with any applicable law, regulations, or local market practice, or not directed by you. In this case, we will notify your adviser accordingly. Refer to 'The role of your adviser' in Section 7: Additional information.

The Investment Booklets, which are available without charge from your adviser or through InvestorHUB, list all investment options available at that point in time. Available investments will change from time to time.

THE DIFFERENCES BETWEEN INVESTING IN AN INVESTMENT OPTION OR PRODUCT VIA THE FUND, AND INVESTING IN AN INVESTMENT OPTION OR PRODUCT DIRECTLY

The investment options or products shown in the Investment Booklets may have a product disclosure statement (or other disclosure document) that describes the investment or product. Your adviser must give you a copy of these documents (free of charge) and you should read a copy of this documentation for each underlying investment in which you invest (whether it be a new or additional investment).

If the underlying financial product or investment requires a product disclosure statement in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth), the Trustee must be satisfied that you have received and/or know where to obtain the product disclosure statement prior to the Trustee making investments in accordance with your selection of the product or investment (for example, a managed fund). This applies to your initial investment as well as any subsequent monies received for investment in the product. Your adviser should also provide you with information or disclosure documents relating to financial products or investments which are not in the relevant Investment Booklet or do not require a product disclosure statement.

You should read the product disclosures for specific products or investments when making any decisions. However, bear in mind that they may contain information that is not relevant to you because there are differences between investing in a financial product or investment directly (in your own name) and investing in the financial product or investment through the Fund.

Key differences include:

- You will not receive communications from the responsible entity, manager or issuer of the product or investment.
- You do not have the right to call, attend or vote at meetings of investors in relation to a particular investment or fund.
- Superannuation investments are subject to different (concessional) tax treatment.
- If you invested directly, you might not be entitled to any wholesale discounts or rebates in respect of investment related fees and costs that the Trustee or its service providers may be able to negotiate.
- The investment or product may not be open to direct investment from you.
- If you invested directly, you may have the benefit of a 'cooling-off' period which enables you to change your mind about your investment during a short period after the investment is made. The Trustee is not entitled to any 'cooling-off period' because it is a wholesale investor.
- If you invested directly, any queries or complaints would be handled by the enquiries and complaints handling mechanism of the product or fund. As an investor in the Fund, any queries or complaints must be handled by the Trustee's enquiries and complaints handling mechanism, even if they relate to the underlying investment.

Your adviser can explain these differences to you.

Disclosure documents for investments or products may change from time to time. For this reason, you may not always have the most current product disclosure information relating to a financial

product or investment at the time that the Trustee invests further money for you. You can obtain the most recent product disclosure information from your adviser or from InvestorHUB.

The Trustee reserves the right to refuse or delay the investment of further monies for whatever reason, including the occurrence of a materially adverse change or materially adverse significant event affecting the information in a product disclosure statement for a product or investment available from the Fund (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information). Where the Trustee considers that such a refusal or delay is appropriate or necessary, the Trustee accepts no liability for any losses incurred by a member.

If a materially adverse change or materially adverse significant event occurs which affects the information in the product disclosure statement and we continue to invest monies received for a member on or after the change or event is notified to us, we will notify, generally through your adviser, you about your options as soon as practicable after the change or event occurs. Other changes affecting information in a product disclosure statement may be available from your adviser or through such other means as the Trustee considers appropriate.

LABOUR STANDARDS AND ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND ETHICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Each of the Trustee and the Administrator does not take into account labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations in making investments available or in selecting an underlying investment manager, fund manager or portfolio manager.

For information about which underlying investment managers, fund managers, portfolio managers or product issuers, take into account labour standards or environmental, social or ethical considerations in the selection, retention or realisation of investments, and the extent to which and how they take these factors into account, refer to the applicable disclosure document for the relevant investment option (and, in the case of a managed portfolio, refer to the mandate for that managed portfolio), which can be accessed from your adviser or through InvestorHUB.

MANAGED DISCRETIONARY ACCOUNTS (MDAS)

Where the Administrator is aware that MDA investments are made via the Fund, the Administrator may enter into an agreement with the MDA provider to provide it with an MDA Facility which will have the effect of holding your MDA investments and reporting on them in one place. The MDA Facility is only available to members who have selected the Choice Menu.

The MDA Facility is a technology-based administration and implementation service provided by the Administrator that allows the MDA provider to implement, manage and monitor your MDA investments through the Fund. The MDA Facility is not provided, or made accessible to you, by the Trustee.

Your adviser and the MDA provider may, for example, implement an investment strategy it devises, and create a portfolio of investments matching that strategy. The MDA Facility allows the MDA provider to implement those investments, rebalance them and report on their individual performance.

An MDA provider will determine, make, and manage your investments. Neither the Trustee nor the Administrator is responsible for what investments the MDA provider makes on your behalf or how they are managed.

The Administrator reserves the right at any time, in accordance with the terms of the Fund and any of its policies, not to follow or implement the instructions provided through the MDA Facility (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information on how the Administrator exercises its discretion).

ILLIQUID INVESTMENTS

Generally, an investment will be considered illiquid if it cannot be converted to cash in less than 30 days or if converting an investment to cash within 30 days would have a significant adverse impact on the value of the investment.

Ordinarily the Trustee must transfer or roll over your benefits within 30 days of receiving all prescribed relevant information (including all information that is necessary to process your request). However, if you hold an investment option(s) with terms greater than 30 days that are (or become) illiquid or suspended, it may take longer than 30 days to transfer your full benefits.

It may take 30 days or longer from the time the Trustee receives all the relevant information to finalise a withdrawal request involving illiquid or suspended investments.

Where investments are illiquid because of withdrawal restrictions (including those pertaining to certain unlisted direct property funds) we may take up to 30 days after the withdrawal restrictions end. The investment options considered by us to be illiquid include any investment option, such as certain unlisted direct property funds, as specified on InvestorHUB from time to time. You can also obtain a copy of this information by contacting your adviser.

There is no fixed maximum period in which a rollover or transfer request involving an illiquid or suspended investment will be processed. The time required by the Trustee to process such a request will vary, depending on the investment.

The Trustee and the Administrator will monitor and assess the liquidity of the investment options and take any action that may be required or considered appropriate from time to time. These actions may include one or more of the following:

- reviewing procedures for processing transfers;
- reviewing procedures for withdrawal requests and/or investment choice;
- switching investments into more liquid assets; or
- limiting how much can be held in illiquid assets temporarily or permanently.

Holding limits apply to illiquid investments, please refer to the relevant Investment Booklet for further information. (Please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information).

YOUR CASH ACCOUNT

When you open a personal super or pension account, a cash account is automatically established for you. The cash account represents the cash in your account (excluding any cash held in managed portfolios) and is used to settle all transactions relating

to the investments held within your account (except where international equities are transacted using your foreign currency holdings) and deduct any fees, costs and payable from your cash account, as applicable. The cash account is not intended to be used as an investment option.

When you first open an account, you direct your money to be invested in your cash account until investment instructions are received from your adviser.

Your cash account can also be linked to an external bank account (your nominated bank account) for easy transfer of funds into and out of your account. Contributions to and withdrawals (subject to withdrawal restrictions) from your cash account are transferred via your nominated external bank account.

There is a minimum balance for your cash account. See below under 'Minimum cash balance'.

The cash in your cash account and in your managed portfolios is held either by the Administrator or by the Administrator's sub custodians (or their nominees) with Australian banks or other ADIs.

Interest on your cash account is calculated daily and paid monthly on any positive balance in your cash account after deduction of the cash management fee from the interest received from the relevant Australian bank or other ADI in which such cash is deposited.

The cash management fee applies to your cash account balance and may vary from time to time.

The cash management fee is equal to the amount of interest received from the Australian banks or other ADIs in which those moneys are deposited, less the amount of interest we aim to credit to your cash account calculated using the target interest rate. For more information about the cash management fee and how it is calculated and how the target interest rate is determined, please refer to Part II of the PDS - Information on fees and other costs under the heading 'Cash management fee'.

Note: There may be a clearance period on some deposits (for example direct debit deposits and cheques) before the money is available for you to invest. Any regular investment plan transactions will occur after your funds have been cleared. When you add a nominated bank, building society or credit union account to your account, you may be required to verify the nominated account prior to making direct debits.

MINIMUM CASH ACCOUNT BALANCE

Your cash account is used for all cash transactions.

You must hold sufficient funds to cover any pension payments and/or insurance fees as they fall due and meet the minimum cash balance of 1.25% of your total account balance at all times.

This minimum cash balance requirement can be changed at any time. If we change the minimum cash balance requirement, we will provide members with notice of the change. You and your adviser are responsible for maintaining a minimum cash balance.

In addition, if you do not make an investment choice, you are taken to have directed us to invest any contributions you make into your cash account.

Please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information.

MANAGING YOUR CASH ACCOUNT

You and your adviser are responsible for maintaining a minimum cash account balance. You can monitor your cash holding through InvestorHUB. If the balance of your cash account falls below the minimum level, we reserve the right to sell investments at any time to restore the cash position to at least 1.25% of your account balance. If you have charges such as taxes and fees and costs (including insurance fees), incurred or payable in connection with or from your account, we may have to sell additional investments in your account in line with your investment strategy, or the default investment drawdown option, to cover these charges (refer to 'Automatic investment drawdown' in Section 3 Benefits and features for more information). The Administrator may¹ do this without seeking prior instructions from you.

Note: Money is held in your cash account until you select an investment strategy and investments to implement the strategy for your personal super or pension account. You are taken to direct us to invest all monies paid into your account (e.g. contributions and rollovers for your personal super account) into your cash account until investment instructions are received.

Your cash balance may be negative in limited circumstances. At its discretion, the Administrator¹ may permit the processing of certain transactions including withdrawals, the payment of taxes, pension payments and/or fees and other costs which may bring your cash account balance into negative.

In addition to this, you (via your adviser) may purchase investments using proceeds from the sale or redemption of an investment, where the sale or redemption has been made but the receipt of proceeds to your account has not been finalised. Interest will typically be charged if your cash balance is negative, equal to the interest rate which would be credited to a positive cash balance after deduction of the cash management fee. Please refer to 'Activity fees' in Part II of the PDS for more information on the negative cash account fee. Information about using proceeds from the sale of investments to purchase other investments can be obtained from your adviser.

TRADING IN SECURITIES

If you select the Choice Menu, in consultation with your adviser, you can invest in a selection of Australian and international listed securities. Trading in listed securities can occur in a variety of ways, as determined by you and your adviser. You have the option to undertake trades in listed securities using any of the following approaches:

- aggregated trading¹;
- bespoke trading;
- direct market trading; or
- trading through your broker.

¹ For more information about how the Administrator uses its discretion, refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion'.

Different fees apply depending on the trading approach taken. Refer to Part II of the PDS - Information on fees and other costs for more information.

Please note that, regardless of the type of trading, neither the Trustee nor the Administrator is liable for delays in the execution of trades caused by third parties.

The Administrator is not a market participant or clearing participant of the ASX or any market. It has arrangements in place with brokers to provide broking services in relation to your instructions to buy or sell securities. When you choose to trade through our broking services (refer to aggregated trading, bespoke trading, and direct market trading below), you authorise the Administrator to instruct our broker(s) to execute the relevant transaction under the trading agreement between the Administrator and the broker.

Note: International listed securities trades are placed at the next available trade opening time, pending the trade being placed by the Administrator's following cut off times:

- **Hong Kong, Singapore and Japanese exchanges:** 11:00am (Sydney time)
- **North American/European exchanges:** 5:00pm (Sydney time)

Your adviser may withdraw a buy/sell if an order has not yet been placed. To withdraw an order your adviser must cancel the order through AdviserHUB or contact the Administrator. A request to cancel an order must be received prior to the cut off times shown above.

AGGREGATED TRADING

Under aggregated trading, your adviser can place a trade for Australian and international listed securities using the Fund's default broker(s), and for foreign currency using the Administrator's sub-custodian, through AdviserHUB. This trade will be combined with other trades we receive on that day.

Multiple orders for a particular security or foreign currency are aggregated and, in the case of security orders only, netted, with the total order spread out on the market generally during a specified time period each day. This could, however, result in a higher purchase or lower sale price compared to if you had executed the trade at an optimal market time.

For aggregated trading, instructions will generally be acted on within one or two business days of the instruction being received.

A benefit of aggregated trading is that the Fund combines all listed securities trades required for new investments, withdrawals, and rebalancing of managed portfolios with the trades received from advisers. The Administrator then internally matches or nets off any buy and sell trades for your account where possible, reducing the number of buy and sell orders that need to be placed in the market on your behalf. This netting process can result in lower transaction related fees for you (e.g. less brokerage costs) and may reduce realised capital gains.

When trades are netted across different accounts within the Fund, the trades will incur brokerage. Aggregated trading is used for managed portfolio trades, in most cases.

All trades in international listed securities will be settled in Australian dollars, unless you hold the relevant native foreign currency and your adviser has nominated to settle all the international trades in the native currency.

BESPOKE TRADING

Under the bespoke trading service your adviser can place a trade to buy or sell Australian listed securities, that are available on the Choice Menu, on your behalf, outside our aggregated trading service, using HUB24 and/or our default brokers. This is subject to Administrator approval, in accordance with its legitimate business interests, acting appropriately.

This service may also be available to your adviser or a portfolio manager in relation to Australian listed security trades within managed portfolios available on the Discover Menu, Core Menu or the Choice Menu.

Where your adviser or the portfolio manager chooses to transact under the bespoke trading service:

- you authorise the Administrator to rely on instructions received from your adviser or the portfolio manager to access the bespoke trading service, as if the Administrator had received those instructions from you;
- your adviser or the portfolio manager is responsible for ensuring you have sufficient cash or listed securities to discharge obligations under the transaction prior to executing the trade;
- the Administrator will act on the instructions received from your adviser or the portfolio manager to execute the bespoke trading outcome or strategy as instructed and in accordance with the terms of the agreement between the Administrator and your adviser or the portfolio manager;
- bespoke trading instructions provided by your adviser or the portfolio manager as notified to the Administrator may not be accepted if it does not meet the terms of the agreement between the Administrator and your adviser or the portfolio manager. For example, if there's not enough money in your cash account, the security is suspended, placed in a trading halt or for any reason where it is impracticable or impossible to implement; and
- the Administrator will not be liable for any loss to you, your adviser or the portfolio manager arising from any transaction including where there is any delay in implementing instructions, except to the extent that those losses directly arise from negligence, fraud or wilful misconduct by the Administrator.

DIRECT MARKET TRADING

Your adviser can trade Australian listed securities that are available on the Choice Menu, on your behalf, in real time directly through AdviserHUB using our default broker(s). Your adviser can place orders in two ways:

- **Limit** - this is an order to buy or sell direct shares at a specified price.
- **Market** - this is an order to buy or sell securities at the prevailing market price at the time that the order is executed. If the quantity available at the prevailing market price is not sufficient to satisfy the order, the broker will endeavour to fill the balance of the order at the best available market price that

¹International listed securities are only able to be traded via the aggregated trading service.

complies with individual exchange rules and standards; however, the execution and the price is not guaranteed.

All trades placed through the direct market trading service can be monitored on InvestorHUB. If you wish to receive a daily trade summary through email confirming details of the day's executed trades, please contact your adviser.

TRADING THROUGH YOUR BROKER

Your adviser can buy or sell Australian listed securities that are available on the Choice Menu, on your behalf by placing trades directly with a broker other than our default broker(s), which is subject to Administrator approval, in accordance with its legitimate business interests, acting appropriately (refer to Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' in this PDS for more information).

Trades placed with your broker are not placed through AdviserHUB, but through your broker, and orders are executed in accordance with your broker's market and trading requirements and are subject to the broker's terms of business.

The Administrator reserves the right to add or remove brokers at its discretion (including where the Administrator is made aware of fraud, loss of applicable Australian Financial Services license or other concerns relating to the broker) and without notice to you. You can obtain information about your broker by requesting this from your adviser or by contacting us. If you choose to transact through an approved broker:

- you authorise the Administrator to rely on instructions from any person that the Administrator reasonably believes to be your broker, as if the Administrator had received those instructions from you;
- the broker is responsible for the service they provide you and the Administrator's role is limited to facilitating the settlement of transactions placed by your broker;
- your broker is responsible for checking that you have sufficient cash or listed securities to discharge obligations under the transaction prior to executing the trade; and
- transactions placed by your broker and notified to the Administrator may not be accepted if it does not meet the terms of the agreement between the Administrator and your broker. For example, if there's not enough money in your cash account or the security is suspended or placed in a trading halt.

TRADE AUTHORITY

We generally cannot deal with your investments without your prior instruction. When we receive a trade instruction, we assume you have authorised your adviser or your broker to instruct us and that your adviser/broker has provided you with specific information regarding the investment. It is your adviser's/broker's responsibility to ensure your trade instructions are correct. Generally, once a trade is placed it cannot be cancelled or amended.

Trading through our broker(s) or your broker is subject to the operating rules of the relevant exchange, or the requirements of the relevant product being invested in. The Administrator and the Trustee are not liable for delays in the execution of the transactions caused by other parties, market movements or external buy-sell spreads. The length of time it takes for the trade to be completed will depend on market conditions or external

counterparties where you are transacting in managed funds or other investments not listed on an exchange including term deposits.

CORPORATE ACTIONS

Corporate actions are events initiated by a company and which bring material change to the shares and/or other securities in the company. Examples of corporate actions include stock splits, dividends, mergers, takeovers, demergers, and rights issues.

For managed portfolios, the discretion regarding any elections under corporate actions generally lies with the portfolio manager of the managed portfolio. When investing in a managed portfolio you authorise the Administrator to implement the portfolio managers' decisions relating to corporate actions on your behalf without consultation for securities in a managed portfolio. For securities held outside managed portfolios, your adviser is authorised to provide instructions to the Administrator in relation to any election associated with a corporate action.

The Administrator has the discretion to undertake any actions necessary in relation to corporate action events as agreed between the Administrator and the relevant portfolio manager, or as it sees fit in the case of some index managed portfolios. Refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information.

Participation in certain corporate actions may be restricted, for instance Australian residents may not be able to participate in corporate actions for certain international listed securities.

We can provide you access to the relevant offer documents or inform you where you can obtain these documents for capital raising events such as rights and share placements. The portfolio manager(s) of your managed portfolios can participate in these events using their discretionary powers under the relevant Scheme. If you have any concerns, you can contact your adviser for guidance or additional information.

None of the Trustee, the Administrator or the relevant portfolio manager consider your individual objectives, financial situation, needs or circumstances in exercising these rights.

TRADE NOTIFICATIONS

If a rebalance or reallocation is to be performed on your investments, your adviser and/or the Administrator may send you an email notifying you of a set of pending investment instructions. This is called a trade notification. Further information on these investment instructions will be available on InvestorHUB.

You can ask your adviser to cancel these pending investment instructions within the agreed timeframe.

The specific details of the investment instructions will be agreed between you and your adviser. You have the agreed timeframe from the time and date of the trade notification to cancel these pending investment instructions. If you don't respond or take any action in relation to the pending investment instructions, your adviser will proceed and submit the investment instructions on or around 10am the next business day. If you can't contact your adviser to cancel the pending investment instructions, you can give the Administrator verbal and/or written instructions directly, provided they are received within the agreed timeframe from the time and date of the trade notification.

Your adviser may rebalance or reallocate your account regularly and you may receive a trade notification from your adviser each time a rebalance or reallocation occurs. Note this trade notification feature may or may not be used by your adviser and depends on your investment strategy.

The trade notification feature is designed to provide transparency and the right to veto any pending investment instructions within the agreed timeframe with your adviser.

You and your adviser can agree to the implementation of this feature. If you agree to use this feature, your adviser may document the agreed timeframe for you to act to cancel a pending instruction in your Statement of Advice ('SOA'). Please speak to your adviser for more information.

WHEN TRADING IS RESTRICTED

The Administrator may not be able to fully implement buy and sell instructions received in relation to your account because:

- trade orders may not be able to be fully executed or may need to be executed in increments on the market (e.g. where full execution of the trade order would expect to 'move the market' and accordingly, affect the share price of the relevant security)
- a trade order may be rejected if a security, or the exchange, becomes suspended or placed in a trading halt
- the trade may be manipulative or contrary to the rules, practices and procedures of the applicable stock exchange or have the potential to give rise to unorderly market behaviour
- there's not enough money in your cash account
- the broker may require the Administrator to submit trade orders of a minimum size.

For example, a \$2,000 buy instruction to a managed portfolio with 20 securities and a minimum security weight of 1% can result in 20 buy trades, with the smallest trade being \$20. The Administrator reserves the right to restrict such small trades from proceeding to market, in accordance with the Administrator's legitimate business interests, acting appropriately.

We reserve the right to reject or cancel trades (for example, if it might result in a breach of any applicable stock exchange operating rules, other relevant laws, or actual or suspected fraud) without your consent or prior notice. For further information, please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion'.

You and your adviser can choose how you trade listed securities (see above). All listed securities are sponsored in the name of a sub-custodian appointed by the Administrator and traded under that name under the aggregated trading, bespoke trading, direct market trading and your broker trading services as applicable.

Digital Consent

From time to time, we may require you to consent, either by SMS or email, or online, or by using two-factor authentication, to certain transactions requested by you or your adviser. We do this to verify your identity and consent prior to allowing these transactions to take place. These transactions may include:

- a change of nominated bank account initiated by your adviser;
- a withdrawal;
- an update to your Adviser service fee or inclusion of a one-off advice fee;

To avoid any delays in processing transactions, please make sure your contact details, including your mobile phone number and email address, are kept up to date.

TRANSACTING IN MANAGED FUNDS

The unit prices applicable to investments in managed funds are determined by the issuer of the managed investment (product issuers). Investments are valued using the latest available unit price provided as the day-end price data by a sub-custodian appointed by the Administrator. The end of day prices are available on InvestorHUB. Product issuers have different rules relating to when applications and withdrawals will be accepted and processed. Details of these rules and turnaround times can be found in the product disclosure statements and other disclosure documents for each managed fund.

Where transaction requests are placed online by your adviser before 3pm (Sydney time) on a business day, and you have sufficient money in your cash account available to purchase units, the Administrator will generally send instructions to its sub-custodian who on-forwards these instructions to the product issuer on the following business day. Where transaction requests are placed after 3pm (Sydney time), and there is sufficient available cash, these will be sent on the following business day. Redemptions of managed funds will generally occur within 30 days but may take longer depending on the underlying manager and investments. In exceptional circumstances, for example, if a managed fund becomes illiquid or has withdrawal restrictions, the time taken to redeem your funds may be longer than 30 days. Refer to 'Illiquid investments' in Section 4: How we invest your money in this AIB for more information.

TRANSACTING IN TERM DEPOSITS

The Administrator transacts in term deposits once a week. Your adviser needs to provide transaction instructions by 10am (Sydney time) on Friday.

The Trustee and the Administrator are not liable for delays caused by third parties.

5. RISKS OF SUPER

Before you consider investing, it is important to understand the risks that can affect your investment. This section provides a summary of the most common risks of investing in the Fund. You should also consider the specific risks of the investments you choose. For more information about these risks, refer to the Investment Booklets and the relevant product disclosure statement or disclosure document for each investment. Also consider any risk ratings for different investment options.

Your adviser can help you manage these risks and ensure that your investment in the Fund helps meet your individual needs and objectives.

HERE ARE SOME WAYS TO HELP MANAGE RISK:

- **Ask your adviser to help you choose an investment strategy that suits your individual needs and objectives.** It's extremely important you discuss your concerns about risks with your adviser and read the information about risk in the Investment Booklets, and in product disclosure statements, or other applicable disclosure documents, for the products or investment options available through the Fund.
- **Read all the information in the PDS, this AIB and the Investment Booklets.** Also read the product disclosure statements or other disclosure documents applicable to the products or investment options available through the Fund.
- **Review your investment strategy at least once a year, and whenever your circumstances change** (e.g. if you change jobs, buy a house or have a child).
- **Diversify your investment strategy.** Diversification involves spreading your investments over a number of asset classes. The more you diversify the less impact any one particular asset class can have on your overall investment strategy.
- **Consider the risks set out below.** This is a high-level summary of some of the general risks of the Fund and risks associated with investments accessed through the Fund.

All super products are generally subject to a range of risks. The nature and extent of the risks (in particular, investment risks) will depend on your chosen investment strategy and investments. The Trustee has a risk management plan in place to help manage risks associated with the operation of the Fund. The following summary is a guide only and is not an exhaustive list of all the risks associated with the Fund and the underlying investments. You should also consider any information about risks in the product disclosure statement or other disclosure document applicable to any investment available from the relevant Investment Booklet.

For more information, speak to your adviser.

Fund risk	What it means
Advice risk	This is the risk that your adviser may recommend a strategy or investment that's not appropriate for you or provide delayed or inaccurate instructions to us. You may also decide to leave your adviser, or your adviser may cease to be authorised by their licensee or moves to another licensee. In these circumstances, there is the risk that you may not be able to continue to invest through the Fund, the fees and other costs that apply to your account may (but will not necessarily) increase, and some of the investment options available to you will change or no longer be available, including some investments that you may hold in a managed portfolio.
Cyber risk	This is the risk of personal information being lost or accessed or disclosed without authorisation, financial or data loss, business disruption or damage to the Administrator or Trustee's reputation because of a failure of information technology systems. This could include failure to secure the information or personal data stored within its information technology systems from unauthorised access or disclosure, the encryption of business-critical files by ransomware, and online fraud. We mitigate this risk through our cybersecurity framework which includes but is not limited to security monitoring, active detection, access controls, system security, vulnerability management, data encryption, firewalls and anti-malware protection. Cyber risk cannot, however, be entirely eliminated. The Trustee, investment manager, promoter, Administrator and their related bodies corporate disclaim any liability arising from cyber risks to the maximum extent permitted by law. If you believe that your or your adviser's personal or financial information may have been compromised, please notify the Administrator as soon as reasonably possible so that action can be taken.
External Fraud (including identity theft)	This is the risk that someone may fraudulently obtain your or your adviser's personal and financial information or data to impersonate you or your adviser and provide fraudulent instructions to the Administrator or Trustee that may cause you to lose some or all of your investment. Compliance measures have been put in place to address this risk and to take steps to verify the information provided. As trades can usually only be processed through your adviser there are several procedures in place to prevent fraud of this type. However,

Fund risk	What it means
	these measures cannot entirely eliminate the risk of external fraud. If you believe that your or your adviser's personal or financial information may have been compromised, please notify the Administrator as soon as reasonably possible so that action can be taken.
Legal and regulatory risk	Changes to superannuation, taxation, regulations, rules, or other laws in Australia and internationally may adversely impact your investment and/or the returns generated by your investment.
Operational risk	The operation of the Fund relies on our and our service providers technology and operational processes. A failure in our or their systems or processes may have an impact on your account, such as a delay in processing investment transactions or benefit payments. The Trustee is required to hold an operational risk financial reserve to address potential operational losses (including losses impacting member benefits) arising from operational risk events. There is a risk that the operational risk reserve may be insufficient to adequately compensate the Fund or members for operational risk events that occur, or that the Trustee may in future introduce a charge to members for the accrual or top-up of the reserve target amount.
Portfolio risk	Your adviser, the MDA service provider (where applicable) and managers of managed portfolios may be unsuccessful in meeting the investment objectives of investments and portfolios that they maintain for you. The Administrator does not and cannot supervise the advice provided to you by your adviser and whether it is appropriate for you. The Trustee is not responsible for advice provided to you by your adviser or the services of MDA service providers or managed portfolio managers.
Third party risk	Service providers or certain persons appointed by the Trustee such as an administrator, custodians (or their sub-custodians), insurers (including providers of longevity products), investment managers or your broker, may default on their obligations, which could potentially result in losses to the value of your investment. We will appoint counterparties and service providers who we consider have a low risk of defaulting; however, these risks cannot be eliminated entirely. The Administrator may not accept a transaction executed by your broker if it does not meet the terms of the agreement between the Administrator and your broker. For example, if there's not enough money in your cash account or the security is suspended or placed in a trading halt.
Investment risk	What it means
Concentration risk	This is the risk that a concentration of investment in a small number of securities may be subject to greater volatility, due to its exposure to a limited number of industries, sectors, or countries, than investing in a larger number and/or more diverse array of securities.
Country risk	Country risk is a general term that refers to the collection of risks associated with investing in a foreign country. It includes specific types of risks such as, but not limited to: • political – the risk of political instability in a country, • foreign exchange – refer to the 'Foreign exchange risk' below for more information, • sovereign – the risk of a foreign government intervention in an entity, asset or market, resulting in losses, and • transfer – the risk of a foreign government or regulator restricting transfer of assets. Other more general consequences that you may need to consider when investing outside your country may include such things as differing legislative and regulatory environments (offering less protection to investors), differing standards of information provided to you in terms of quality and timeliness, and time differences which could lead to delays in the transmission of information which in turn could restrict your and/or your adviser's ability to react to events.
Credit risk	Your capital and/or the interest earned on that capital may not be paid due to the underlying bank, deposit-taking institution or corporation defaulting.

Investment risk	What it means
Derivatives and sophisticated investment products risk	The use of sophisticated financial products such as derivatives has the potential to cause losses that are large in relation to the amount invested. Some managed funds use derivatives, and this may imply some embedded leverage that could, under some circumstances, magnify losses. The cost of using this type of financial product may also reduce returns. There is also a risk of a counterparty to a derivative defaulting on their obligations.
Diversification risk	Lack of diversification across asset classes over your entire portfolio of investments may cause your portfolio's return to fluctuate more than expected. For example, if you invest entirely in shares rather than spreading your super across the other asset classes (such as property, cash, and fixed interest), share market movements could significantly affect your investment.
Foreign exchange risk	If parts of your investment are priced in a foreign currency, international factors such as exchange rate fluctuations and movements in international stock markets may affect the value of your investment. These investments may also not be hedged (protected) effectively, or at all, against exchange rate fluctuations.
Inflation risk	Your investments may not keep pace with inflation so that, over time, your money has less purchasing power.
Interest rate risk	Changes in interest rates may affect the value of interest-bearing securities and shares in some companies.
Investment objective risk	There is a risk that at a point in the investment/economic cycle that your performance may not align with the investment's stated investment objective and/or benchmark. This is particularly the case where you may have absolute return objectives (e.g. RBA plus or inflation plus objectives, which could give rise to expectations of positive returns) in a falling market environment, or where there are strong performance differentials within markets favouring/disadvantaging particular investment processes, strategies or styles.
Investment option risk	The investment options you select may change or cease to be offered through the Fund, which may affect the investment composition in your account, your risk profile, and your investment strategy.
Liquidity risk	In difficult market conditions, some normally liquid assets may become illiquid. This could restrict the ability to sell them or to make withdrawal payments from managed funds and managed portfolios or process investment switches in a timely manner. For example, we might not be able to sell listed securities that are rarely traded, or that are restricted or suspended from trading. Another example might be a property trust where the underlying property (e.g. a shopping centre) takes a long time to be sold. Term deposits are generally an illiquid investment as they may not be redeemable before their maturity date, as early redemption usually results in reduced returns or a penalty.
Longevity risk	If you invest in longevity products, you may have restrictions on withdrawals from the product. Longevity products are designed to assist members to fund their retirement by continuing to pay income after the deposit value has been exhausted. The income paid is dependent on the product's features and the options selected as well as the premium amounts paid. The income received may not meet all of your income needs and/or may not cover increased costs of living due to inflation.
Managed portfolio investment variance risk	The actual investment performance you experience may vary from a portfolio manager's managed portfolio (standard managed portfolio) due to a number of factors, including, but not limited to the amount and timing of any initial and additional investments into the managed portfolio, withdrawals from the managed portfolio, the timing of rebalances, minimum trade requirements, the managers' use of Progressive Portfolio Implementation ('PPI') and any investment preferences (for example investment exclusions and substitutions) you set up. Any applicable managed portfolio investment performance fees paid to the portfolio manager are calculated based on the performance of the standard managed portfolio which may differ to your actual investment performance due to the factors described above. This means the actual dollar amounts you pay in investment performance fees may be higher or lower than if the calculation of the investment performance fees was based on the performance of your managed portfolio.
Manager risk	Underlying investment managers for managed funds or managed portfolios may not anticipate market movements or execute investment strategies effectively. Changes in their staff may also have an impact on the performance of a managed fund or managed portfolio.

Investment risk	What it means
Market risk	Movements in a market sector due to, for example, interest rate movements, economic factors, political factors, military actions, pandemics or social events may have a negative impact on your investment and/or on the returns your investment generates. Market values can change rapidly and it's possible to lose some or all of your initial investment.
Sector risk	There are risks associated with a particular industry's specific products or services due to, for example, changes in consumer demand or commodity price changes.
Specific asset risk	There are risks associated with specific assets, for example certain managed funds may use leverage (borrowing to invest), undertake short selling (selling listed securities they don't actually own) or invest in sophisticated financial products such as derivatives, futures, foreign exchange contracts and options. Use of these methods could cause large losses in proportion to the money invested in them. Before selecting these types of assets as part of your investment strategy, you should read the relevant product disclosure statement or disclosure document.

IT'S IMPORTANT YOU DISCUSS YOUR SPECIFIC RISKS WITH YOUR ADVISER

6. HOW WE KEEP YOU INFORMED

WHAT YOU WILL RECEIVE

You can monitor your account using InvestorHUB. The table below shows the types of communications we will provide to you or which you can access:

Communication	Purpose
Welcome email	Confirms that your application for a product has been received and that your membership in the product has been accepted. If your acquisition of the product is your first acquisition of a product from the Fund, this email also provides your login details to InvestorHUB and other relevant account information for your reference such as information on how you can make contributions and transfer existing superannuation benefits to your account.
Annual statements	Provide a summary of super and/or pension details for the reporting period and is available on InvestorHUB. When you join the Fund, you agree to obtain your annual statements from InvestorHUB. We will notify you via email when your statement is available.
Annual reports	Provides an overview of changes that affect you and an abridged version of the financial reports for the Fund. The report will be available on InvestorHUB.
Annual pension information	We will email you details of the minimum and maximum (if applicable) payment you may receive for the new financial year. We also include information to help you complete your tax return or that you may need to provide to Centrelink.
Audited financial statements	Provides a complete version of the financial reports for the Fund. These are available on InvestorHUB.
Exit statement	Provides a summary of super and/or pension details for the reporting period. This is emailed to you and your adviser following your exit from a product.
Accessing information on your account	You can view your account information including performance, valuation, and transaction reports on InvestorHUB. The value of your account is the sum of all the investments held in your account including your cash account. You can also access the cash transactions report which shows the latest available balance in your cash account and a transaction statement showing the movements into and out of your cash account for a selected period. Your adviser has the flexibility to specify which reports are available for you to view on InvestorHUB.

Note: Your account balance does not include the tax impact of any realised gains or losses or other accrued amounts (including liabilities) that may arise if you request a full withdrawal of your account. You can request a quote on your 'withdrawal benefit' which is the amount that would be available if you request a full withdrawal. Your account balance and your withdrawal benefit are both disclosed in your annual statement.

PUBLISHING AND NOTIFICATION OF DISCLOSURE DOCUMENTS

We may make disclosure documents and other communications available to you electronically, and we will notify you when they are available. These disclosure documents or other communications or disclosure may include financial service guides, significant event notices, on-going disclosure of material changes and periodic statements.

As part of your application to open an account in the Fund, you agree that we may make the communications and disclosures referenced above, and any other notice, document or other information required to be given to you under law (or the agreement with you), available to you electronically in one of the following ways (where permitted by law):

- by making the document, communication, disclosure or other information available via InvestorHUB or such other website as notified to you or your adviser from time to time,
- by making the document, communication, disclosure or other information available via the mobile app,
- by sending it to an email address you have provided for you or your adviser,
- by sending you or your adviser an email or other electronic communication providing a website reference or hypertext link to the document, communication, disclosure or other information.
- If required, you can request a hardcopy of the disclosure documents free of charge by contacting your adviser or the Client Services team on 1300 508 797.

It is important you notify us as soon as reasonably possible if any of your contact details or any of the contact details of your adviser provided to us changes.

YOUR INVESTORHUB MOBILE APP

The InvestorHUB platform is provided by the Administrator and is fully compatible and accessible via popular mobile and tablet devices. With the flexibility of accessing your account anytime, anywhere, the mobile app allows you to keep track of and monitor your investment. You can:

- view details of your account holdings, including asset allocation
- access a full list of investment options including up-to-date valuations and performance graphs
- view important notifications
- update your contact details
- download all reports including your Annual Statement.



HOW TO CONTACT US

If you need help regarding the Fund, you should first speak to your adviser. You can also contact us by:

Phone	1300 508 797 (Members) 1300 854 994 (Advisers)
Mail	GPO Box 529 Sydney NSW 2001
Email	admin@hub24.com.au

7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

APPOINTING AN ADVISER

The Trustee will only allow members who have an adviser to join the Fund and your application form, accompanying the PDS, may not be accepted if you have not nominated an adviser, unless otherwise approved (please refer to the PDS Part I Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information). Refer to the detailed checklist available with the application form.

By appointing an adviser, you are authorising that person to instruct us on your account on your behalf.

We will act on all instructions from you through your adviser. Your adviser can instruct us on anything in relation to your account, except to appoint another person to be your adviser, make changes to your nominated bank account details, vary your administration fees payable or increase your advice fees payable.

If you wish to change your appointed adviser on your account, you must provide us with written notice.

There are some circumstances in which we may not act in accordance with your adviser's instructions, or we may act without instructions from you or your adviser. In some circumstances, instructions will be accepted or required from you.

If, for any reason, your adviser leaves the holder of the Australian Financial Services Licence (AFSL) ('licensee') that your adviser operates under or ceases to be authorised by their licensee, you may not be able to retain your investment in the Fund. The consequences can include closure of your account (please refer to the section below 'What will happen if you no longer have an authorised adviser?').

If your adviser moves to a new licensee and you move with your adviser, then your account may be subject to the terms and conditions that apply to the new licensee. As a result, the fees and other costs that apply to your account may (but will not necessarily) change, including increase, and the investment options available to you may also change or no longer be available. This can include any managed portfolios that you hold.

Our standard terms and conditions, and the maximum fees and costs that may apply, are set out in the relevant PDS (Parts I and II) for the HUB24 Super Fund, including material incorporated into the PDS on issue at the relevant time, which can be found at www.hub24.com.au/super. The product is issued by the Trustee, as trustee of the Fund. You should consider the information in these documents before deciding whether to acquire or continue to hold an interest in the product.

THE ROLE OF YOUR ADVISER

Your adviser is essential to the management of your account and investment strategy. To ensure you get the most out of your super, it's important you and your adviser carefully work out the account type and investment strategy that best suits your circumstances and your retirement goals.

Your adviser can undertake activities that you have requested on your behalf for your account including:

- setting up and commencing pension payments;

- initiating your rollover request;
- providing a Personal Tax Deduction Notice to the Administrator;
- submitting transaction requests in relation to your account including purchase and sell requests;
- submitting beneficiary nominations.

All transactions initiated by your adviser for you are visible to you via your InvestorHUB access.

The licensee that your adviser operates under may actively assist in the management of your investments via the Fund. The licensee (or a related party of the licensee) may construct and manage 'managed portfolios' with an external party (for example, with a responsible entity or a third-party provider). In these circumstances, if you agree, the licensee (or a related party to the licensee) is paid an investment management fee for its services.

Further information about the investment management fee and the role the licensee (or their related party) plays in the management of a managed portfolio can be found in the applicable managed portfolio disclosure document.

Additionally, your adviser is the only one that can submit investment instructions, on your behalf, for your account. When you complete a super application form or pension application form, you authorise your adviser to have access to your account details and to transact on your account.

This means the Trustee and its service providers can accept and act on such instructions given by your adviser without requiring your signature, additional proof, instructions or further confirmation from you.

Your instructions in relation to remuneration of your adviser and the licensee (both the amount of the remuneration and its deduction from your cash account) are also submitted through your adviser (your consent however is required prior to this submission) when you complete an application form and when you make certain investment selections (for example, when selecting a managed portfolio). You should ensure you are satisfied as to the amount of any remuneration and its deduction from your account. If you wish to make any changes to the payment of remuneration to your adviser and/or licensee, please notify the Administrator or your adviser.

As part of your SOA, your adviser will provide you with (as required) or make available:

- the PDS Part I and II;
- the AIB;
- the Insurance Guide;
- the Investment Booklet for the Discover Menu, the Investment Booklet for the Core Menu or the Investment Booklet for the Choice Menu;
- the PDS for an individual insurance policy (if applicable);
- the HUB24 Financial Services Guide; and
- information relevant to recommended investment options including (if applicable):
 - managed portfolio disclosure documents;
 - product disclosure statements for managed funds;

- disclosure documents for exchange traded funds and exchange traded products;
- general information on Australian and international listed securities;
- disclosure documents for term deposits;
- product disclosure statements for longevity products

Documents relating to available investment options are accessible from the product website at www.hub24.com.au/super. Disclosure documents for financial products held or accessible through the Fund are updated from time to time so it's important you and your adviser consider the latest documentation.

Further information about the role of your adviser in relation to insurance is shown in Section 8 in the Insurance Guide.

You and your adviser release, discharge, and indemnify the Trustee and all of the Trustee's successors and assigns from and against all losses, actions, liabilities, claims, demands, and proceedings arising from your appointment of an adviser, and all acts, matters and things done or purported to be done by an adviser even if not actually authorised by you. In addition, neither you nor any person claiming through you will have any claim or right against the Trustee or any of the Trustee's successors and assigns in relation to any act, matter, or thing done or purported to be done by your adviser that the Trustee or its service providers have no reasonable reason to believe that the person purporting to be your adviser is not your adviser. Refer to the application forms accompanying the PDS for further information about the terms and conditions applicable to your appointment of an adviser.

YOUR INSTRUCTIONS TO US

Any instructions related to your account and investment choices should be provided to the Administrator through your adviser using AdviserHUB (refer to the information about the role of your adviser earlier in this section). AdviserHUB is a platform provided by the Administrator that has the tools, resources and support your adviser needs to consider the appropriate investment choices for your investment strategy.

HOW WE ACT ON YOUR INSTRUCTIONS

We will act on the instructions we receive from your adviser as soon as practicable. We have no obligation to act in accordance with the instructions if we reasonably consider them to be ambiguous, unclear, or in conflict with any applicable law, regulations or local market practice, or not directed by you.

If there has been a change or event which we have not yet informed you about, but which we believe may be important to you when making an investment, we may not be able to immediately comply with any investment instructions we receive from your adviser. If this happens, we will send your adviser the relevant information and will only execute the instructions when we believe your adviser has received all the necessary information.

To maintain the minimum cash balance in your account (subject to limited circumstances in which a negative cash account balance may occur – for more information please refer to the information in Section 4 How we invest your money, under the sub-heading 'Monitor and review your investment strategy and choices'), assets may be sold without your instructions. To ensure your investments are in line with the target allocations in your chosen managed

portfolios or those specified by your adviser, we may acquire or dispose of assets in your account from time to time, without your instructions.

In emergencies or situations where you can't contact your adviser and you need to provide investment instructions to us, you may give us written and signed instructions directly, provided you have received all the relevant disclosure documents for your selected investment option. These instructions can be sent to the email address specified in Section 6 'How we keep you informed', under 'How to contact us'.

Please note: We will continue to act upon any instructions from your adviser until we receive a written cancellation of the appointment. If you cancel the appointment of your adviser, then unless you appoint another adviser who can distribute this product, we may request¹ that you transfer your benefit to another complying super fund or transfer your account balance to the ATO (see further below).

¹For more information about how this discretion may be exercised, please refer to Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' in the Part I of the PDS.

WHAT HAPPENS IF YOUR ADVISER MOVES TO ANOTHER LICENSEE OR YOU CHANGE ADVISER?

If your adviser moves to another licensee that is authorised to distribute the Fund's products and you continue to be advised by your adviser, the terms and conditions that apply to the new licensee in respect of the Fund will generally apply to your account. This may (but will not necessarily) result in an increase in fees and costs. The investment options available to you (including the managed portfolios) in which you can invest may also change. Where a managed portfolio is not available following the move of your adviser to another licensee, typically we do not require you to sell the investments held through that managed portfolio. Our standard terms and conditions are set out in the PDS (Parts I and II), AIB, Application Form, Insurance Guide, and Investment Booklets. Part II of the PDS sets out the maximum fees and costs that can apply. These documents can be found at www.hub24.com.au/super or by contacting your adviser. You should speak to your adviser about the implications of them moving to another licensee, including what fees and costs may apply and what investment options will be available.

WHAT WILL HAPPEN IF YOU NO LONGER HAVE AN AUTHORISED ADVISER?

The Fund is designed for use with an adviser authorised to use the Administrator's platform. If you decide to leave your adviser, you must notify us as soon as reasonably possible. Other reasons why you may no longer have an authorised adviser include:

- your adviser informs us that you are no longer a client with them;
- your adviser no longer holds an AFSL or is no longer an authorised representative of an AFSL holder; or
- your adviser or adviser's licensee is no longer authorised to use the platform.

It is important to note that while you no longer have an authorised adviser, you will need to monitor and maintain your account (inclusive of your investment strategy and your insurance

protection needs). You will be responsible for the buying and selling of investments directly through InvestorHUB. Using forms available on the product website, you will need to instruct the Administrator directly on the following types of transactions:

- maintaining sufficient cash in your cash account to pay fees and costs that are deductible from the cash account; and
- making insurance fee payments on your insurance cover or cancelling your insurance cover (after you have assessed your own needs).

There are other implications when you no longer have an authorised adviser, including but not limited to:

- you might not be able to remain invested in your chosen investment option(s), including managed portfolios and/or have limited access to certain investments;
- you may no longer have access to product features within the Fund, such as automatic investment plans, or automatic cash top up;
- the naming and branding of your account may change (including on any communication we send to you);
- you may be subject to our standard terms and conditions, and the maximum fees and costs, set out in the HUB24 PDS (Parts I and II), including material incorporated into the PDS on issue at the relevant time. This may (but will not necessarily) result in a change, including an increase in fees and costs. These documents can be found on the product website at www.hub24.com.au/product-documents. You should consider the information in these documents before deciding whether to remain in the Fund; and
- the adviser fees that you have negotiated and paid to your previously authorised adviser will cease.

Warning: If you do not appoint a new authorised adviser, the Trustee reserves the right to request you transfer your benefit to another complying super fund or to sell your investments and rollover the balance in your account to the ATO if the Trustee believes it to be in your best interests to do so (please refer to Part I of the PDS, Section 9: Other Important Information, under 'Trustee and Administrator Discretion' for more information).

To request a copy of the Administrator's unadvised client policy, free of charge, that outlines what will happen if you no longer have an authorised adviser, please contact us on 1300 854 994. We may amend this policy from time to time.

WHAT WE DO IN THE EVENT OF YOUR DEATH

In the event of your death, the following will occur:

- Your account will remain open and we will continue to deduct applicable administration fees and other relevant costs until your death benefit is paid, at which time your account will be closed.
- Any fees payable to your adviser or your adviser's licensee group (outlined in the PDS) will cease upon notification of your death.
- On the subsequent confirmation of your death once the required documents have been received, we will claim back from your adviser or adviser's licensee, any adviser fees that were paid after the date of your death, and refund these to your cash account.
- If an insurance policy is in place, we will notify the insurer to commence the claim process. Insurance costs will cease to be

deducted and will be refunded to the date of your death. Any insurance benefit payable on your death will be paid into your cash account or otherwise in accordance with the insurance policy.

- When we receive notification of your death, all automated investment plans and pension payments will cease.
- Once the Trustee has determined how your death benefit will be distributed (having regard to any beneficiary nomination(s)), we will sell down your investments to your cash account in preparation of the payment of your benefits from the Fund.

Superannuation and pension benefits do not automatically form part of the assets covered by your will. The payment of superannuation and pension benefits is subject to superannuation law and the terms of the Trust Deed. Your beneficiaries should seek tax advice on the implications of any superannuation or pension benefits payable including any implication on their transfer balance cap.

PRIVACY

This section contains information on how your personal information is collected, held, used, and disclosed, the people with whom your personal information may be shared with and where they are located.

The privacy policies of the Trustee and the Administrator set out how you can access and correct information we hold about you, how you can complain about a breach of your privacy rights and how your complaint will be handled. The Trustee's privacy policy can be found at www.eqt.com.au/global/privacystatement.

The HUB24 Ltd Group Privacy Policy applies to the Administrator and to any related body corporate who provides services to them and/or the Trustee. It is available upon request and without charge from the HUB24 client services team on 1300 508 797 or by email at admin@hub24.com.au

The HUB24 Ltd Group Privacy Policy is also available free of charge at: www.hub24.com.au/privacy-policy

The HUB24 Ltd Group Privacy Policy contains information about:

- how you may access your personal information and seek the correction of such information; and
- how you may make a complaint about a breach of the Australian Privacy Principles and how such a complaint is dealt with.

WHY DO WE COLLECT YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION?

Your personal information is collected to:

- assess your application and establish your account;
- administer your investments;
- provide the product, and related services to you;
- communicate with you in relation to this product and your investments;
- administer the product, your investments and related services;
- give you access to investor areas of the product website;
- understand your needs, interests and preferences;
- manage the relationship with you, such as discussing issues with you, establishing and maintaining records in relation to your investments and providing regular statements, reports and communications to you;

- allow relevant service providers of the Fund to provide their services;
- conduct product or service development, quality control or other research;
- assist us to prevent, identify, investigate and respond to any potential or actual unlawful activity or misconduct;
- protect the safety and security of members, staff, sites, systems and assets;
- exercise our legal rights;
- support and facilitate any proposed or agreed business restructures, mergers and acquisitions;
- meet legal obligations under the *Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006* (Cth) (AML/CTF Act) including in respect to customer identification and verification;
- meet legal obligations under the *Corporations Act 2001* (Cth); and
- comply with taxation and other applicable laws (including foreign laws). For example, the *Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act 2010* (USA) and the Common Reporting Standard introduced by the *Tax Laws Amendment (Implementation of the Common Reporting Standard) Act 2016* (Cth).

Your information may be used to tell you by telephone, electronic messages (including email), online and other means, about other services and products offered or promoted by the Administrator or any of its related bodies corporate. This may be done on an ongoing basis, but is subject to applicable law and your right to opt out at any time.

The personal information is collected through interactions with you, your adviser or other representative, your organisation, public sources, use of the Administrator's websites, apps and social media profiles, law enforcement, dispute resolution, statutory and regulatory bodies, industry complaints resolution bodies and information verification services such as electronic identity and verification services. The Administrator may also verify and update the information collected, and may create new personal information through analysis, commentary, reports and reviews.

If your personal information is not collected, the Administrator may not be able to process your application, process your transactions, provide you with the services relating to the Fund or administer your interest or investments in the Fund (including supporting your relationship with your adviser)

It is also important that you advise the Administrator as soon as reasonably possible of any changes in your personal information.

If you provide personal information about any other individuals (e.g. beneficiaries), you must ensure they are aware that you are doing so, ensure they receive a copy of this privacy section and tell them that the HUB24 Ltd Group Privacy Policy is available at: www.hub24.com.au/privacy-policy and that their personal information will be collected and handled in accordance with the privacy information in this section and the Privacy Policy.

If you wish to opt out, access or change your personal information you may do so by contacting the HUB24 client services team on 1300 508 797 or by email at admin@hub24.com.au.

If you have a question about how your personal information is being handled, please submit your question to the HUB24 client services team on 1300 508 797.

If you have a complaint about how your personal information is being handled, please submit your complaint to the Complaints Officer as described in the section headed 'Complaints' in Section 8: How to open an account in Part I of the PDS.

If you are not satisfied with our response to, or the handling of, your complaint, you can contact the external dispute resolution scheme: the Australian Financial Complaints Authority as described in the sub-section headed 'Complaints' in Section 8: How to open an account in Part I of the PDS. You may also contact:

The Office of the Australian Information Commissioner

GPO Box 5288

SYDNEY NSW 2001

Phone: 1300 363 992

Online: www.oaic.gov.au

WHO DOES THE ADMINISTRATOR DISCLOSE YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION TO?

Your personal information and other information may be disclosed to third parties including:

- your nominated adviser and their Australian Financial Services Licensee (including any replacement adviser or Australian Financial Services Licensee), unless you instruct us otherwise in writing;
- your personal representative, attorney, or agent, unless you instruct us otherwise in writing;
- the responsible entity of any scheme you choose to invest in, and their service providers;
- related bodies corporate of the Trustee or Administrator, unless you instruct us otherwise in writing;
- outsourced service providers who assist with, among other things, custody, data storage and archiving, auditing, accounting, customer contact, legal, business consulting, identity and document verification (electronic or otherwise), banking information technology services, data analysis or research;
- Australian banks, ADIs or other financial institutions the Administrator uses from time to time in respect of your cash account and the cash allocation within your managed portfolio;
- Australian and overseas regulatory authorities and law enforcement agencies on reasonable request by those authorities or where required by law. For example, your personal information may be disclosed to the ATO or to foreign tax authorities such as the IRS in the USA and other tax authorities in other foreign jurisdictions. The ATO may provide your personal and other information to foreign tax authorities such as the IRS. Your personal information may also be provided to other regulatory authorities such as ASIC and the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre ('AUSTRAC');
- financial institutions and other similar organisations dealt with in the course of corporate activities in relation to the Fund or that you have nominated;
- other third parties on your behalf for the purpose of establishing and administering your investments, unless you have instructed otherwise; and
- to comply with a court order or in conjunction with court proceedings.

IS THE ADMINISTRATOR LIKELY TO DISCLOSE YOUR PERSONAL INFORMATION TO A RECIPIENT WHO IS OVERSEAS?

The Fund is operated in Australia. The Fund's service providers are generally located within Australia but may, from time to time, be located in foreign jurisdictions (including locations in the United States of America, Vietnam and the Philippines). The Administrator may, therefore, share your personal information with service providers located outside Australia to assist with the operation of the Fund and to provide the services to you as outlined above. The Administrator may also share your personal and financial information with foreign regulatory authorities such as the IRS in the United States of America and other foreign tax authorities where you are resident for tax purposes.

Reasonable steps are taken to ensure that any overseas recipients of your personal information do not breach the privacy obligations relating to your personal information, or the transfer to them is otherwise in accordance with applicable law.

In some circumstances personal information may be disclosed to overseas government authorities in connection with permitted disclosures under Australian law or as authorised by the member. For example, for the Fund to meet Trans-Tasman portability requirements with New Zealand, or, where you have transferred a benefit to Australia under the Qualifying Recognised Overseas Pension Schemes ('QROPS').

ANTI-MONEY LAUNDERING AND COUNTER-TERRORISM FINANCING

In accordance with the *Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorism Financing Act 2006* (Cth) ('AML/CTF Act') and the supporting AML/CTF Rules, the Trustee has an obligation to collect and verify information about you in certain circumstances.

The Fund's service providers and your adviser are also subject to obligations to collect and verify information about you.

Each applicant is required to provide identification records as set out in the Application form and Investor Identification Form you are required to complete as part of the application process. If you do not provide the requested information and documentation there will be a delay in processing your account opening, or possible suspension of an opened account.

From time to time, additional information and documentation may be required from you to assist in this process or to refresh and update your identification information.

Under the provisions of the AML/CTF we may be precluded from providing our services in certain circumstances.

For example, in complying with obligations in relation to the AML/CTF Act and the supporting AML/CTF Rules, there may be instances where we are unable to activate your account or transactions are delayed, blocked, frozen or refused. This could occur where reasonable grounds are established that the transaction breaches Australian law or sanctions, or the law or sanctions of any other country.

Where transactions are delayed, blocked, frozen or refused, we are not liable for any loss you may suffer (including consequential loss) as a result of our compliance with the AML/CTF Act as it applies to the Fund.

By completing the Application Form, you agree that:

- you are not making an application in respect of the Fund in an assumed name;
- any money used by you to invest in the Fund is not derived from and/or is related to any proceeds that will be used for any criminal activities;
- you will provide any additional information and documentation reasonably required for the purpose of the Administrator or the Trustee complying with the AML/CTF Act; and
- we, or the Administrator, may obtain information about you if this is believed necessary to comply with the AML/CTF Act. Where documentation provided is not in English, an English translation must be provided by an accredited translator (who is accredited by the National Accreditation Authority for Translators and Interpreters Ltd at the level of Professional Translator or above).

There are certain legal obligations to disclose information gathered to regulatory bodies and/or law enforcement agencies, such as the Australian Transaction Reports and Analysis Centre (AUSTRAC).

We have reporting obligations in relation to the AML/CTF regulatory regime and we must report certain matters to AUSTRAC. Under 'tipping-off' provisions, we are not permitted to inform you that any such reporting has taken place.

MEMBER IDENTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

Proof of Identity

When lodging an Application Form, you or your adviser must complete the Identification Form to enable the collection and verification of information about you in accordance with the AML/CTF Act and tax requirements (refer to 'Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act' and 'Common Reporting Standard' below). These forms can be obtained from your adviser through AdviserHUB.

We may rely on your adviser to verify your identity in accordance with the AML/CTF Act. The Application Form requires you to attach the Identification Form completed by your adviser as part of their verification of your identity.

Unless requested, we do not require original documents or certified copies used by the adviser to verify your identity. However, these records must be retained by your adviser and provided to the Administrator on request.

Electronic client identification

To streamline the client identification processes for the purpose of the AML/CTF Act, we or the Administrator, may use electronic client identification.

We use a third-party verification service provider. The Administrator requests the verification service provider to conduct a matching process between the personal information of the customer against two independent sources. The personal information that may be provided to the verification service provider is limited to an individual's name, residential address, date of birth and any other information permitted by law. The verification provider then provides a report on the outcome of the verification process.

If we cannot verify your identity using electronic verification, or if you are not eligible for electronic verification, we will notify you in writing. You may also be requested to provide other information

and documentation in order to meet obligations under the AML/CTF Act, and you agree to provide any such requested information or documentation.

We are also required to retain information about verification requests and assessments for seven years from the date of the request, or for seven years from the date of ceasing to provide a designated service to you, whichever is later. The verification service provider is also required to retain information and verification requests and assessments for seven years from the date of the request.

At the end of the relevant period, both we and the verification service provider are required to delete these records. Prior to using any verification service provider to undertake electronic verification, we obtain the relevant individual's consent. This consent is typically obtained through the application form you are required to complete as part of the application process.

CLIENT IDENTIFICATION BY ADVISERS

We may ask your adviser to identify you and verify your identification on our behalf in order to ensure that we meet our obligations under the AML/CTF Act.

In this case, the application form requires you to attach the Investor Identification Form completed by your adviser as part of their verification of your identity.

Unless requested, original documents or certified copies used by the adviser to verify your identity are not required to be provided to the Administrator. However, these records must be retained by your adviser and provided to Administrator on request.

Document verification

As part of the electronic verification process or where your adviser identifies and verifies your identification on our behalf the validity of any government issued identity document (ID Document), such as your passport or drivers licence, that you provide for identity verification purposes may also be checked. For this purpose, your personal information and a copy of the ID Document or the information in it may be provided to our, or our Administrator's, third-party verification service provider. This process involves making a match request between the individual's information against the Australian Government's document verification service (DVS) database. An information result will be provided via the verification service provider's system.

If you do not provide the relevant ID Document when requested, or it is not verified by DVS, or the Administrator, we may not be able to be satisfied as to your identity and, as a result, we, or the Administrator, may not be able to process your application or transaction. You will be asked to consent to the use and disclosure of your personal information, any ID Documents or details in them for this purpose and to confirm that you are authorised to provide those documents or details when you complete the application form.

ELECTRONIC SIGNATURES

When applying to open your account, complete forms, provide the Administrator with instructions or other documents, you may be asked to provide a digital or electronic signature. Other methods of signing may be accepted. The Administrator and the Trustee reserves the right to refuse any application or other document

which has not been signed in the required manner. The Administrator or Trustee may rely on outsourced providers of digital or electronic signature services and will not accept any liability to you in respect of your use of these services.

ABOUT THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE TRUSTEE AND THE ADMINISTRATOR

The Trustee and the Administrator have entered into numerous agreements under which the Administrator is appointed to provide certain services to the Trustee including:

- administration;
- custody; and
- investment management.

Under the terms of these agreements:

- The Administrator may be indemnified and have expenses reimbursed from the Fund where it has been properly incurred in its respective roles.
- The Administrator is paid fees as set out in Part II of the PDS – Information on fees and other costs. The Administrator has agreed to pay the Trustee an annual fee for acting as trustee of the Fund.
- Either party may terminate the agreement in certain situations such as by mutual agreement and where the other party becomes insolvent, can no longer perform the respective role or breaches the agreement and does not remedy the breach in the requisite time.

Upon termination of the agreements, the Administrator may agree with the Trustee for the Trustee to retire as trustee of the Fund and for another entity to be appointed as trustee (which could include a third-party trustee or the Administrator itself).

CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

HUB24 is the promoter, custodian, administrator, and investment manager of HUB24 Super as well as being the operator, custodian and administrator of HUB24 Invest and other branded versions of these products. It is also the custodian, administrator, and investment adviser of the HUB24 Managed Portfolio Service (ARSN 645 033 941).

Should HUB24 face conflicts in respect of its duties or interests relating to the HUB24 Super Fund, HUB24 Invest, and other related products and services, policies and procedures are in place to ensure such conflicts are managed fairly, reasonably, and in accordance with applicable laws, ASIC policy, and HUB24 policies.

Financial Products and Related Party Interests

The accessible financial products available through the Fund may include products in which HUB24 has a direct or indirect interest. This includes:

- Products where HUB24 or its related parties act as the issuer, custodian, administrator or investment manager.
- Products or services offered by entities with which HUB24 has a strategic alliance.

All dealings and related party transactions in relation to the Fund are conducted on an arm's length basis, with potential or actual conflicts of interest or duty managed in accordance with the HUB24 Conflicts of Interest Policy. This policy is also applied when adding new investment options to the Fund.

Additionally, HUB24 may receive fees for these products or services. Details of such remuneration arrangements are outlined in Section 10: Alternative forms of remuneration of Part II of the PDS.

EXPENSE RESERVE

The Trustee maintains an Expense Reserve to meet liabilities of the Fund. This may include, but is not limited to; administration, operational, compliance and legal expenses. The Expense Reserve is funded by the expense recovery fee charged to members and a combination of interest/investment earnings on any amounts in the reserve and any other expense recoveries claimed directly from members.

OPERATIONAL RISK RESERVE (ORR)

The Trustee is required to maintain adequate reserves to cover potential operational losses. An operational risk is the risk that a superannuation fund may suffer loss due to inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems, or from external events. The ORR may be drawn upon to assist in compensating members or the Fund in the event of an operational risk having materialised.

The Trustee regularly reviews potential operational risks of the Fund to determine the amount required in the ORR, which may be up to 0.20% of the net assets of the Fund. This requirement can be met by a reserve within the Fund and/or Trustee capital. The ORR is funded from the Expense Reserve as needed.



Contact us

GPO Box 529, Sydney NSW 2001

Phone: 1300 508 797 (Members) or 1300 854 994 (Advisers)

Email: admin@hub24.com.au